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Introduction

A Comprehensive Plan is a community's guide for the growth and improvement of public services, community resources, local policies, and the built environment. The plan represents the preferred vision for the community's future and provides a tangible list of actions that the community is committed to undertaking to achieve that vision. It is intended to provide guidance to local elected officials on land use patterns, the existing needs of facilities and services, and the protection and enhancement of quality of life within the community.

The plan seeks to establish the ground rules for how the community will develop and invest by asking four questions:

- Where are we now?
- Where are we going?
- Where do we want to be?
- How do we get there?

By considering current needs and existing opportunities, the plan provides a foundation for decision-making in support of achieving shortand long-term goals.

Process Overview

The Comprehensive Plan process follows the Rules of the Georgia Department of Community Affairs ("DCA"), O.C.G.A. Chapter 110-12-1, Minimum Standards and Procedures for Local Comprehensive Planning, effective October 1, 2018.

The DCA rules require that the Comprehensive Plan of the City of Auburn consist of the following elements:

Community Vision and Goals

The City's vision, goals, and policies are developed through public and steering committee engagement to determine the community's future direction. As a part of this component, policies are identified to assist in making decisions that are consistent with community goals.

Needs and Opportunities

An analysis of the community's needs and opportunities helps to determine local conditions. Public engagement was used to identify existing issues and opportunities on which the City can capitalize to address those issues.

Future Land Use

This section is required for any community with a local zoning ordinance and assigns future land use categories by parcel. The map and narrative in this section will guide local elected officials on zoning and land use policy decisions. The intention is to influence growth and development throughout the community in consideration of existing development patterns, access to utilities and services, and community needs and goals.

Transportation

Since Auburn is within the Atlanta Metropolitan Planning Organization (MPO) boundary, a transportation element is required to ensure alignment with the Regional Transportation Plan (RTP). This element includes regional and local objectives and identifies needs based on current conditions and transportation infrastructure.

Broadband Services

All communities require a broadband element to analyze available services and identify potential improvements. This element is an action plan with steps for promoting reasonable and cost-effective access to broadband.

Community Work Program

The final element of the comprehensive plan, the Community Work Program, outlines steps and strategies for achieving the community's goals and implementing its plans. The Work Program will include a Report of Accomplishments from a previous list of projects and a Short-Term Work Program that identifies priority projects, timelines for implementation, responsible parties, and funding strategies for the next five years.



Public Involvement

Public Input & Steering Committee

The Comprehensive Plan update incorporated public involvement throughout. The planning process began with a public hearing and community input session on May 1st, 2023, where the public was invited to discuss the assets and challenges found in the county and their hopes for its future. Following the initial public meeting, several publicly available work sessions were held with a Steering Committee, a group of citizens representing various communities and interests throughout the county. This Committee provided valuable feedback, guidance, and recommendations and served an integral role in developing a plan representative of the community's vision. Following the initial public meeting, several publicly available work sessions were held with a Steering Committee, a group of citizens representing various communities and interests throughout the city. This Committee provided valuable feedback, guidance, and recommendations and served an integral role in developing a plan representative of the community's vision.

In addition, an online public survey allowed the local government to receive a wider range of input than otherwise would have been possible. The survey, which asked broad questions to help identify needs and opportunities for the plan, was available online from May 1, 2023, through June 14, 2023, and from July 1, 2023, through July 4, 2023, and received 198 total responses. A second, shorter, hard copy version of the survey was also made available on July 1 at the City's Independence Celebration; however, no responses were received. Survey results were shared with city staff, and summary graphics of the online survey results are included throughout this document and in the Appendix beginning on page A-1.

A final public hearing was held on August 30, 2023, before submittal of the plan to the DCA for review.

NEGRC's Role

The Planning and Government Services Division of the Northeast Georgia Regional Commission oversaw the development of this plan, including facilitating public involvement and input meetings.

Review Process

According to the DCA's rules for comprehensive planning, effective October 1, 2018, the City must transmit the plan to the Northeast Georgia Regional Commission (NEGRC) when all required components are complete. The transmittal must also include the community's certification that it has considered both the Regional Water Plan and the Rules for Environmental Planning Criteria. Once it completes its review, the NEGRC will forward the plan to the DCA for review.

Once the DCA has found the plan to comply with Minimum Standards and Procedures, the approved Plan must be adopted to maintain Qualified Local Government status.

Data & Statistics

The facts, figures, and statistics used to develop the Plan were generated from data compiled throughout the planning process. The data and analyses were used to identify general trends and provide a reliable quantitative context to describe existing conditions and assist in informing the recommendations and policies. Unless otherwise noted, all data are sourced from Esri's Business Analyst Software, which is based on the U.S. Census's 2017–2021 American Community Survey.



Vision, Goals, and Policies

The plan's vision, goals, and policies look to the future. The vision paints a picture of what the community wants to be in 20 years. Goals and policies articulate ideals toward which the community is working and provide guidance and direction for achieving those ideals.

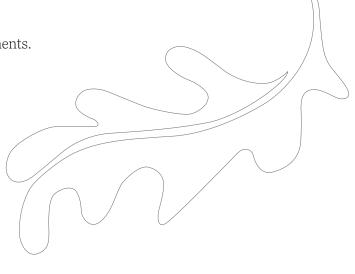
Vision

The city of Auburn is a quaint town with excellent leadership and an affordable standard of living for all phases of life. Its central location between Atlanta and Athens allows for opportunities for economic development and is ideal for small to medium-sized businesses. Through careful planning, Auburn will grow in population and business activity while preserving its rural character and the hometown feel of its community.

Goals & Policies

The goals and policies below are designed to help Auburn elected officials and staff in decision-making processes. They target needs and opportunities identified during the planning process.

- Continue to develop community engagement efforts
- Incentivize small business development
- Invest in infrastructure improvements and other public projects to spur private investment
- Improve public facilities and programming opportunities
- Increase diversity and civic pride
- Provide a variety of housing options
- Continue to access infrastructure needs and accommodate new developments.
- Implement economic development plan
- Expansion of walking and bicycle infrastructure
- Sustain affordable cost of living



Needs & Opportunities

The Steering Committee and the public identified the following list of needs and opportunities during a series of input meetings, an online survey, and through a professional analysis of relevant data. The list is intended to capture the most prescient needs that the community will have over the next five to ten years to establish a set of goals the community can work towards achieving. Items are categorized into the following topics:

- Population & Community
- Economic Development
- Planning & Land Use
- Housing
- Natural and Cultural Resources
- Community Facilities & Services
- Governance & Interjurisdictional Coordination

Additional community statistics used in the local analysis to determine needs and opportunities and guide discussions during public input meetings can be found in the Appendix.

Population & Community

Demographics

Auburn is a city in Barrow County, Georgia. The United States Census projected that the population of Auburn in 2022 is 8,120, but with recent housing developments in the city, the approximate current population is closer to 10,000. From 2010 to 2020, the population increased by 8.15%, which is expected to increase at an annual rate of 1.9% from 2022-2027 (Figure 1). This projected growth rate is higher than the growth rate projected for Barrow County, over twice as much as the growth rate projected for the twelve-county Northeast Georgia Region, and over triple the rate projected for the state of Georgia (Figure 2).

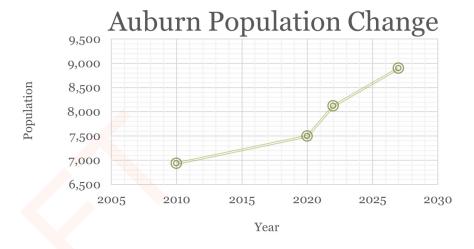


Figure 1. Auburn population over time, Census (2010 and 2020) and projected (2027).

Projected Annual Population Increase, 2022–2027

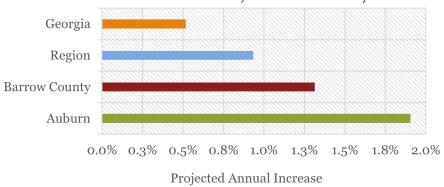


Figure 2. Projected annual population increase from 2022–2027 for Auburn, Barrow County, the Northeast Georgia Region, and the state.

The median age for city residents is 37.1, similar to the median age of that of Barrow County, the region, and the state. The median age has changed slightly, being 33.8 in 2010, and is only projected to increase to 38 by 2027 (Figure 3). It is estimated that 27% of the population is less than 18 years old, and 33.4% are 65 years old or older.

It is important for Auburn to provide services and resources that address the needs of all age groups. The Steering Committee and survey respondents noted the need for activities and events for various age groups as the current facilities, especially the parks, are targeted toward vounger children.

Auburn's 2022 population is approximately 73% White and 7% Black, with the remaining 20% of the population identifying as multiracial, Asian, or another race. Approximately 13% of people in Auburn are of Hispanic origin. Since 2010, the percentage of white residents has decreased by almost 10%, with the percentage of multiracial residents quadrupling and the percentage of other races doubling. The percentage of black residents has increased by almost 2%, but the proportion of Asian residents has decreased slightly (Figure 5). Also, the percentage of residents with Hispanic origins has increased by approximately 5% since 2010. It is important for the City to ensure that the voices of all demographics are heard and that resources are accessible to all demographics.

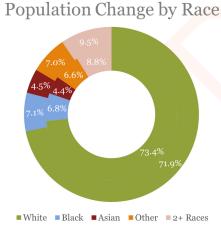


Figure 5. Comparison of 2010 and 2022 populations of Auburn, by racial percentage, U.S. Census (2010) and projected (2022).

Median Age



Figure 3. Median age of Auburn residents over time, compared with the Northeast Georgia Region and the state, U.S. Census (2010) and projected (2022 and 2027).

Population by Race

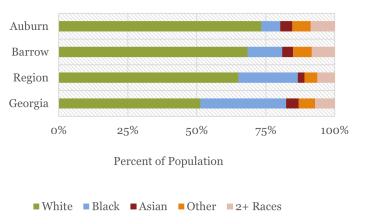


Figure 4. Compariosn of populations of Auburn, Barrow County, the Northeast Georgia Region, and the State, by racial percentage, U.S. Census (2022).



Household Income

Auburn's 2022 median household income stands at \$62,883, which is lower than the median income in the county and state but slightly higher than the region's median income (Figure 6). In addition, an estimated 7% of households lived below the poverty level in 2017-2021. Approximately one-third of those households living below the poverty level were identified as female heads of family households with no husbands present, pointing to a need for programs and resources to support single mothers in the community.

County-wide, as of 2021, 11% of households earned below the poverty level, and an additional 43% of households were ALICE ("Asset Limited, Income Constrained, Employed), meaning that they earned above the Federal Poverty Level but less than the county's cost of living (United for ALICE). Although employed, these households are still in financially precarious conditions. Stabilizing these households can significantly lower poverty in the community. General strategies for addressing these challenges include developing housing and transportation options that lower the cost of living and decrease barriers to establishing small-scale enterprises.

Goals & Policies

Three of this Comprehensive Plan's Goals and Policies (page 3) pertain directly to population and community:

- Continue to develop community engagement efforts
- Increase diversity and civic pride
- Sustain affordable cost of living

Median Income

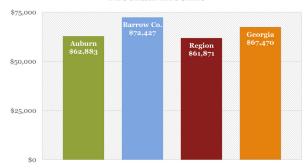


Figure 6. 2022 median household income Auburn. compared with Barrow County, the Northeast Georgia Region, and the state (projected).

Economic Development

Downtown Development Authority

The Auburn Downtown Development Authority (DDA) is a public body created by the City of Auburn. Under Georgia law, the purposes of downtown development authorities are revitalizing and developing municipal central business districts and promoting trade, commerce, industry, and employment opportunities. The DDA's objectives focus on the strategic coordination and oversight of development and enhancement endeavors, fostering business growth and sustainability, organizing events, and executing capital improvement initiatives. Additionally, the board is vital in facilitating Auburn's small business incubator, known as The Whistlestop Shops.

Economic Activity & Opportunities

Auburn is a bedroom community with few commercial establishments in town, so the City's main revenue source is residential property taxes and service delivery fees. The community seeks limited commercial development to establish local gathering spots and shopping options, eliminating the need to travel to neighboring towns. Steering Committee members and public comment expressed the need for infill in current commercial areas, including areas with vacant, underutilized properties such as the old Ingles Store. It is crucial that any commercial endeavors align harmoniously with the city's small-town setting.

To preserve Auburn's small-town charm, commercial uses in Auburn should be small in scale and proportionate to the needs of local neighborhoods. Appropriate commercial businesses for Auburn may include coffee shops, cafes, upscale dining, small retail boutiques, specialty shops, and shared-use or small office spaces. Bringing a few unique, charming small businesses into Auburn would provide amenities for residents, create local jobs, and diversify the City's tax base.

The Future Land Use Map (page 24) and zoning ordinance support this future commercial development by consolidating commercial areas along US Route 29 (State Route 8) and the downtown area.

In 2019, the city was awarded a \$96,000 Livable Centers Initiative (LCI) grant by the Atlanta Regional Commission. The LCI program and funds were used to produce Define Our Auburn for the city. This study aims to be a guiding framework for directing development initiatives in Downtown Auburn and the new Town Center while serving as a valuable resource for successfully implementing ideas generated through public engagement. The main goal is to foster collaboration with the community in envisioning a progressive future for Downtown Auburn and the Town Center. This vision will prioritize responsible development, improve walkability and cycling options, and revitalize the historic downtown area.

South of Auburn, just outside city limits in Gwinnett County, a 2,000acre mix-used development is being built - the Rowen Project. The development project is a non-profit-led research community being built next to James Shackleford Park. The project is expected to produce over 80,000 jobs and will have 30% Small, Minority, and Women-Owned Business Enterprises (SMWBE) on the site. While not within city limits, the Rowen Project provides an opportunity for economic development, given the expected growth that will come with its completion (Rowen Project, 2023).

Unemployment Rate

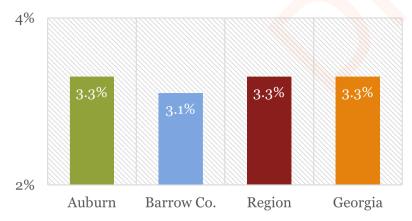


Figure 7. Unemployment Rate comparions between Auburn, Barrow County, the Region, and the State, U.S. Census 2022.

Employed Population, By Industry

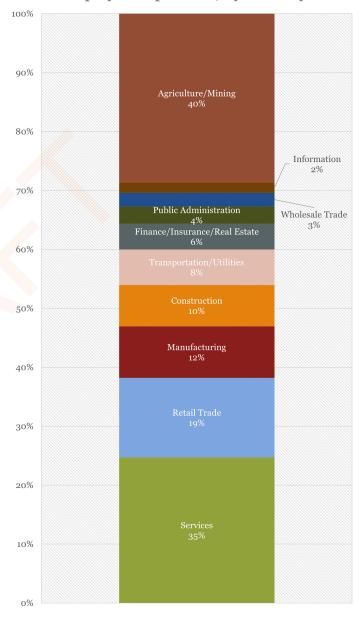


Figure 8. Auburn's 2022 employed population, ages 16+, by industry (projected).



Workforce

Auburn's estimated unemployment rate stands at 3.3% in 2022, which is slightly higher than Barrow County but in line with the region and the state's rates for the same timeframe (Figure 7). Services, retail trade, and manufacturing are the top industries employing Auburn residents, with services comprising 34.5% of all industry employment (Figure 8). Auburn's workforce is diverse across occupational categories, with the top three being Administrative Support, Professional, and Sales. (Figure 10).

About 57.8% of the workforce is over the age of 25 and has a high school diploma, diploma equivalent, or some college credit as their highest level of educational attainment, while 16.4% do not have a diploma. College graduates comprise 25.8% of the workforce population – 9.8% have an associate degree, 11.7% have a bachelor's degree, and 4.3% have a graduate or professional degree. Compared with the county, region, and state, Auburn has a lower percentage of college-educated residents but a slightly higher percentage of residents with an associate degree and a significantly lower percentage of residents with a graduate or professional degree (Figure 9). Generally, building a diverse local employment base helps people with various credentials find work. Over half of the workforce does not have a college degree; therefore, the city should identify which workforce training and economic development efforts are most appropriate for the area. One successful example is the City's partnership with Lanier Technical College to offer adult literacy courses within the Perry Rainey Center.

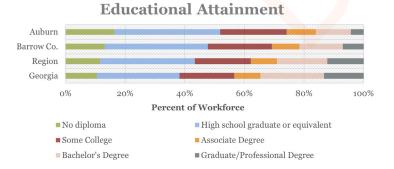


Figure 9. Workforce, ages 25+, by highest level of education attained, for Auburn, the Northeast Georgia Region, and the state, 2022 (projected).

EMPLOYED POPULATION, BY OCCUPATION

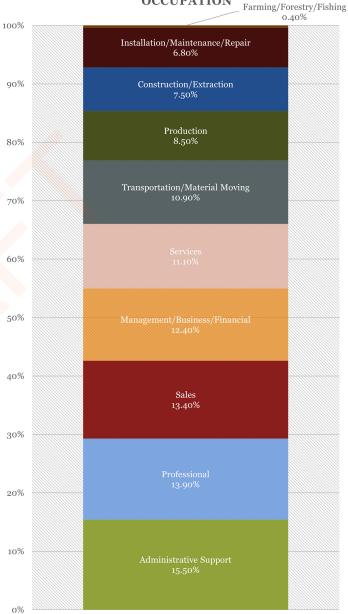


Figure 10. Auburn's 2022 employed population, ages 16+, by occupation (projected).



Around 26.7% of Auburn residents work within Barrow County, and 22.1% work within Gwinnett County. Most residents who commute drive less than 30 minutes to work, with 60% driving less than 15 minutes. On average, Auburn residents commute more than Barrow County residents (Figure 11)—most residents who commute outside the county work in metropolitan Atlanta. Within Barrow County, besides Auburn itself, Winder is Auburn residents' most common commute destination (U.S. Census, On the Map).

Goals & Policies

Three of this Comprehensive Plan's Goals and Policies (page 3) pertain directly to economic development needs and opportunities:

- Incentivize small business development
- Invest in infrastructure improvements and other public projects to spur private investment
- Implement economic development plan

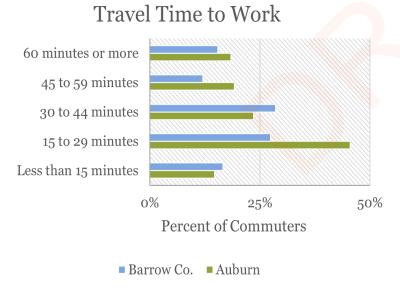


Figure 11. Travel time to work for workers age 16+ who did not work from home, 2017-2021.

Planning & Land Use

Land use consists mostly of single-family residential lots. As noted under "Economic Development," a slight increase and infill of commercial areas—in the form of small, boutique businesses—is desired to improve the vibrancy of the community and offer places to gather and shop. Auburn has completed an LCI Study, Define Our Auburn, for their Downtown and Town Center to help fill this need. The next step is to complete the Town Center development and continue to implement the recommendations of the study.

While most current land uses within Auburn are residential, much of the adjoining land in the city's northern parts is industrial. In the online survey, the respondents noted that they are concerned about adjoining industrial development and its impact on the quality of life for the neighboring residential areas. Respondents also expressed concern for the loss of natural and wooded areas throughout the city and the overall loss of agricultural land.

With the expected increase in population, it is critical that the city utilizes smart and initiative planning. Doing so will help expand and upgrade its service and infrastructure to support its growing population. It will also help ensure the city can maintain its "small town" character with strategic development.

Goals & Policies

Two of this Comprehensive Plan's Goals and Policies (page 3) pertain directly to economic development needs and opportunities:

- Incentivize small business development
- Sustain affordable cost of living

Housing

In 2017–2021, 80% of homes in Auburn were single-family houses, 6.6% were 2- to 4-unit structures, 8.4% were mobile homes, and only 2% were townhomes (Figure 12). However, in recent years various residential developments have been built within the city, impacting these percentages. This includes the Townes of Auburn, a housing development of 398 townhomes, and Harmony, a mixed-density development project at the new Town Center.

With the increase in development in the city, the Steering Committee observed that housing demand, home prices, and pressure from residential developers had increased greatly in the past couple of years. These increased housing pressures are partly due to Auburn's proximity to Atlanta and the planned Rowen Project.

In 2022, an estimated 70.6% of housing units are owner-occupied (Figure 15). The estimated vacancy rate is 8.8%, which is higher than Barrow County's rate of 4.9%, the Northeast Georgia Region's rate of 7.3%, and lower than the state of Georgia's rate of 8.9%. The average household size is 2.81 people, and the median home value is \$187,983. Auburn's average home values are lower than the county median, regional, and state averages (Figure 13). From 2017–2021, the median rent averaged \$781, significantly lower than the median rent in the county and state and slightly higher than the median rent for the region (Figure 14).

There are very few blighted areas in Auburn. The local police department has implemented a "Broken Window Theory" policy regarding active code enforcement for dilapidated housing and expressed success in the program.

Approximately 60% of survey respondents found that the city had adequate housing options. Many respondents stated there were too many housing developments and expressed concerns about the city's inability to expand and upgrade the city's infrastructure to support the growing population. There were also concerns about the loss of green space and conservation areas due to rapid development. Many also expressed concern about losing the community's "small-town" and rural character.

Housing Types

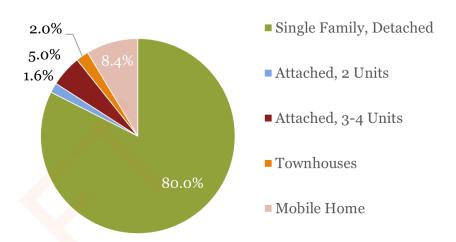


Figure 12. Housing types in Auburn, 2017–2021.

2022 Owner-Occupied Housing Units by Value

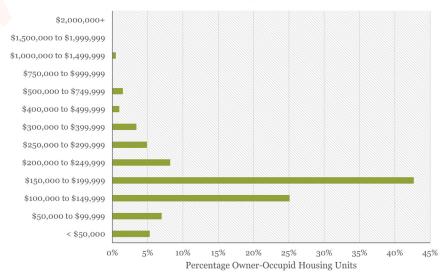


Figure 13. Median home values in Auburn, the Northeast Georgia Region, and the state, 2022 (projected).

That said, there were mixed opinions on the housing stock in Auburn and the need for more affordable housing in the city. While many respondents cited the need for more affordable housing, especially with the rising cost of living, many respondents felt there are too many affordable or "starter" homes being built and not enough higher-end or larger "nonstarter" homes.

Steering Committee members said a housing mix that supports all life phases is necessary. While expanded home options are needed, it is important for growth to be gentle and intentional, matching the city's existing character and incorporating greenery and neighborhood amenities. The city is a graduate of the Georgia Initiative for Community Housing (GICH) program and plans to address its housing needs by developing a housing study.

According to the Center for Neighborhood Technology's Housing + Transportation Index, an average Auburn household in 2019 spent 19% of its income on housing, 24% on transportation, and 43% on housing and transportation together. A household that spends more than 30% of its income on housing, 15% on transportation, or 45% on housing and transportation together is considered cost burdened. Auburn is primarily a bedroom community, with most workers commuting out of the city for employment. Efforts to bring more jobs into Auburn, such as small restaurants, retail, or office establishments, could reduce some residents' transportation cost burden.

Goals & Policies

One of this Comprehensive Plan's Goals and Policies (page 3) pertain directly to planning, land use, and housing:

- Provide a variety of housing options
- Sustain affordable cost of living

Median Rent

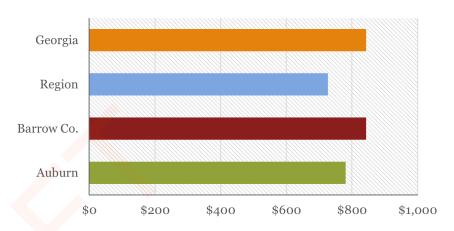


Figure 14. Median monthly rent in Barrow County, the Northeast Georgia Region, and the state, 2017-2021.

Housing Occupancy

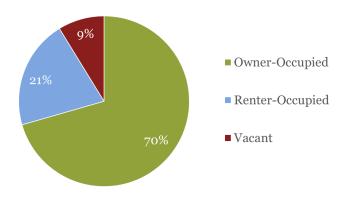


Figure 15. Pertcenage of housing occupancy in the Auburn 2020.

Natural & Cultural Resources

Natural

The city is near the upstream end of the Upper Oconee River watershed, within the Rock Creek Tributary. It is part of Georgia's Upper Oconee Water Planning Region, and the *Upper Oconee Regional Water Plan* was last updated in June of 2023. A fact sheet about the previous Regional Water Plan is included in the Appendix.

The Apalachee River flows south of Auburn and is the boundary between Gwinnett and Barrow Counties. The river is a regionally important resource and is recommended to require increased vegetative buffers along this natural resource (*Northeast Georgia Resource Management Plan*, 2018). Downstream the river provides drinking water for Morgan and Oconee Counties and the city of Madison. Most of the land is forested along the river as Barrow has established a 100-foot natural vegetative buffer along the river. Single-family homes and James Shackelford Park border the river within Auburn city limits. On the other side of the city limits along the river will be the Rowen Project. Plans for this development show that the immediate areas along the river will remain open greenspace. A walking path and a pedestrian bridge over the river connecting the Rowen Project's greenspace to James Shackleford Park have been discussed, which would improve residents accessibility of the resource.

In North Auburn is the Martin Marietta Quarry. Besides being a source of granite, the quarry is the site for a future reservoir to be jointly used between Auburn and Winder. In previous years, the city experienced a drought that greatly impacted the local community, especially local farmers. The city decided to invest in creating the reservoir as a future water resource to make the city drought resilient. The reservoir will hold approximately 1 billion gallons of water.

Cultural

The city of Auburn has a long history with deep ties to the railroad and agriculture. Settlers, especially veterans from the Revolutionary War, were encouraged to become farmers in Georgia after receiving free and allotted land in the Auburn area. The fertile land made the area a small and prosperous rural community. Then in 1891, the Seaboard Railroad Company surveyed and platted the Town of Auburn and built the railroad bisecting the city. The city became a boom town and was a critical stop along the rail line.

Today several of the original buildings still stand, including the Poole Store (Auburn's current City Hall) and the former Auburn Bank (now Rawhide Boots). Another historically important building is the Perry Rainey Center. The current and only remaining building was originally the girl's dormitory for the Perry-Rainey Institute, founded in 1892. The City of Auburn renovated and restored the building, and it now serves as a public meeting space and rental venue. The Hawthorne House, a derelict boarding house facing the railroad, is another historic building the city wishes to rehabilitate or adaptively use.

In 1997, the National Register-listed the Auburn Historic District. The district is roughly bounded by 3rd Avenue, 6th Street, 6th Avenue, and Main Street and includes 22 contributing buildings, one contributing site, and one contributing structure. Under federal law, listing a property in the National Register places no restrictions on how a non-federal owner may use the property, up to and including demolition, unless the site is involved in a project that receives federal assistance (National Park Service). The City of Auburn should consider strategies that highlight historic attributes of their community through adaptive use projects and context-sensitive urban infill. When pursuing projects that involve historically contributing resources, the city will adhere to Federal Standards of Rehabilitation as outlined by the National Park Service.



Currently, the city has a local museum near the public library. It is cityowned and relies on volunteer assistance. The city also collaborates with the Barrow County Historical Society by having city residents on board as representatives for Auburn. There is also a walking tour that was developed by city staff and advertised in a brochure found at the library. Steering Committee members expressed the need to preserve and market the city's historical and cultural resources more. Adding a downloadable electronic copy of the full Auburn's historic walking tour brochure to the City's website, including its map of walking routes, would make this educational resource more accessible to the community and visitors.

Goals & Policies

Two of this Comprehensive Plan's Goals and Policies (page 3) pertain directly to natural & cultural resources:

- Continue to develop community engagement efforts
- Improve public facilities and programming opportunities



Community Facilities & Services

Utilities and Services

The city provides services through Public Works and Police departments. Utilities and services available through the Public Works department include but are not limited to grounds, road, and sidewalk maintenance, street sign installations, snow & ice control, the water distribution system, and liter control. Services provided by the police department include uniform patrol, traffic enforcement, criminal investigations, K-9 unit, and code enforcement. The Police department also performs community outreach and manages various programs. The police department takes an active role throughout the city, and crime has significantly decreased since 2009 as a result (Annual Report, 2022).

Georgia Power supplies electricity in Auburn, and the city has a contract with Republic Services for waste management for residents. Auburn purchases water from Barrow and Gwinnett Counties. Public water service is available throughout the city. Sewer service is only available in the downtown area. Wastewater from Auburn is treated at facilities operated by Barrow County. Based on a projection of water demands through 2060, the *Upper Oconee Regional Water Plan* (2023) identifies the need for strategic wastewater management in fast-growing areas such as Barrow County as a major future water quality issue for the region, along with challenges with surface water availability and impaired waters.

Auburn has agreements with Barrow County for the provision of other services. These include, but are not limited to, economic development, GIS services, emergency medical services, and fire. Children living in Auburn attend schools in the Barrow County School System.

Community events hosted by Auburn include the Farmers Market and the annual Independence Day parade. The city seeks to expand its event offerings and community engagement efforts. Doing so could strengthen community identity and facilitate social gatherings among residents.

Community Facilities

The city currently has several parks, recreational facilities, and public green spaces, which the Parks and Recreation Department manages. The Roy E. Parks Children's Playground, the Auburn Public Library, J. R. Burel Pavilion, Whistlestop Park, the Auburn Ballpark, and volleyball & tennis courts are in the Downtown area. Also behind the library is a community garden. In North Auburn, off Parks Mill Road, are the City of Auburn Ball Fields, and in South Auburn, off Brown Bridge Road, is James Shackleford Park.

The city plans to take a more comprehensive look at the community's recreational needs, including active and passive recreation and connectivity. The Parks and Recreation Department oversees park planning and improvement activities such as these. The city plans to use SPLOST funds to leverage grant funds to build a sports complex facility near the current Auburn Ballpark on Mary Carter Street. The park will be built out in phases. There are also plans to expand the Children's Park – the city has already acquired the adjacent parcel and is pending funding. City staff and the steering committee cited the city's need for a dog park. Plans did mention a possible dog park at the intersection of 6th Street and 10th Street, at the back entrance of the new Town Center and the Harmony development; however, the official location has yet to be decided.

Survey respondents and comments from the public input meetings expressed the need to expand the city's recreational facilities. Some expressed the desire for a large, consolidated park space and the development of a trail system –referring to Gwinnett County's Park system as an ideal example. The Steering Committee also mentioned the need for spaces and facilities for teenagers and older age groups. There were also several survey respondents who felt that the current recreation facilities were sufficient and preferred to travel outside of city limits for recreational facilities – many citing the concern for the loss of natural green space and overdevelopment that would come with the expansion and development of recreational facilities and parks. Steering Committee members also expressed the desire for subdivision developers to include neighborhood amenities in their plans.

Government business takes place within City Hall, which is currently located in Downtown Auburn, along with the Police Department a few doors down. Soon Auburn City Hall and Police Department will be moved to the new City Hall located in the new Town Center currently under construction. Across from the current City Hall is J. R. Burel Pavilion, home to Auburn's Farmers Market. Along with the pavilion, the city also operates two other rental facilities: the Perry-Rainey Center and the JD Withers Building. As noted in the "Broadband Services" chapter (page 20), the city offers public Wi-Fi at the public library.

Goals & Policies

Half of this Comprehensive Plan's Goals and Policies (page 3) pertain directly to community facilities and services, including governance:

- Continue to develop community engagement efforts
- Invest in infrastructure improvements and other public projects to spur private investment
- Improve public facilities and programming opportunities
- Continue to access infrastructure needs and accommodate new developments.
- Expansion of walking and bicycle infrastructure

Governance & Interjuris dictional Coordination

Governance

A mayor and four-member City Council lead Auburn's government. Agendas and minutes for the Council's monthly meetings are posted on the City's website. The City's standing committees include the Planning Commission and the Parks and Leisure Commission. Auburn also has a Downtown Development Authority.

Due to the current land use mix, property tax revenue in Auburn is almost entirely from residential properties. Auburn seeks to diversify its revenue stream by pursuing limited new commercial and office development as part of the Town Center project and identifying additional revenue sources.

Interjurisdictional Coordination

City elected officials maintain an active relationship with the other local governments throughout Barrow County. Mayoral gatherings and collaboration with the various Barrow County departments occur on a regular basis and are planned to continue. As with the development of this plan, Auburn intends to provide a platform for informed decisionmaking and effective government.

Additionally, as noted in the "Transportation" chapter (page 16), Auburn must work with the Georgia Department of Transportation to address traffic congestion and safety concerns. The city is also planning to develop, adopt, and implement a joint Complete Streets and Trails Plan with Barrow County introducing another possible collaboration opportunities through potential connections.

Finally, because the Apalachee River flows through various counties and cities, including Barrow and Gwinnett Counties and Auburn, protection of the river is an inter-jurisdictional priority. Auburn should work with these neighboring jurisdictions, the Georgia Environmental Protection Division, NEGRC, and Upper Oconee Regional Water Planning Council to determine how to protect and sustain the Apalachee River.

Goals & Policies

Two of this Comprehensive Plan's Goals and Policies (page 3) pertain directly to interjurisdictional coordination:

- Continue to develop community engagement efforts
- Invest in infrastructure improvements and other public projects to spur private investment



Transportation

The State of Georgia requires a transportation element for any local government within a Metropolitan Planning Organization (MPO) boundary. MPO's are federally mandated organizations that provide regional context to transportation planning in urbanized areas. The City of Auburn is within the Atlanta Regional Commission's MPO boundary. The transportation objectives for the Atlanta MPO's regional transportation plan, The Atlanta Region's Plan (2022), are listed below, categorized under two overarching goals: having world-class infrastructure and having healthy, livable communities. These objectives are achieved through categorical recommendations of development patterns found in the regional Unified Growth Policy Map. Refer to The Atlanta Region's *Plan* for more information.

In addition, this chapter provides an analysis of local transportation infrastructure to provide a more specific planning context for the community in relation to local and regional goals. This section and the regional transportation plan should be used together when considering local transportation decisions.

Committees and Plans

Auburn does not participate directly in the Atlanta Regional Commission MPO. It is represented through the Barrow County government's Transportation & Air Quality Committee and Transportation Coordinating Committee and as part of the Atlanta Regional Commission's Municipal District 6, which includes other cities within Barrow, Gwinnett, and Walton counties.

The Atlanta Region's Plan impacting Auburn includes widening Mount Moriah Road from Barrow County's western boundary and to US 29 in Auburn and a bridge replacement for State Route 324 (Hills Shop Road) at the CSX railroad, which is expected to begin during the planning period of 2023-2027.

Transportation Objectives and Policies for **Atlanta Regional Commission MPO**

The transportation objectives for *The Atlanta Region's Plan* are categorized under two overarching goals: having world-class infrastructure and having healthy, livable communities.

World Class Infrastructure

- Maintain and operate the existing transportation system to provide for reliable travel.
- Improve transit and non-single-occupancy vehicle options to boost economic competitiveness and reduce environmental impacts.
- Strategically expand the transportation system while supporting local land use plans.
- Provide for a safe and secure transportation system.
- Promote an accessible and equitable transportation system.
- Support the reliable movement of freight and goods.
- Foster the application of advanced technologies to the transportation system.

Healthy, Livable Communities

- Improve quality of life at the neighborhood, city, county, and regional levels.
- In partnership with local communities, equitably and strategically focus resources in areas of need and importance.
- Improve public health through the built environment.
- Integrate sound environmental principles that ensure the region's sustainability.

Unified Growth Policy Map

The Atlanta Region's Plan provides a Unified Growth Policy Map (UGPM) that provides for the direction of future growth in the region (Figure 16). The UGPM is comprised of Areas and Places. Areas describe predominant land use patterns throughout the region. Areas also directly influence the future forecasted growth of the region by describing future land use patterns in each part of the region. Places reflect concentrated uses with generally defined boundaries and provide greater detail within Areas.

The map indicates three distinct growth areas in Barrow County: Developing Suburbs, Developing Rural, and Rural Areas. Additionally, five town centers are in the county. Auburn is considered one of the five town centers and is within the northern portion of Barrow County in the Developing Rural area. The Atlanta Region's Plan describes this area as:

> "areas in the region where little to no development has taken place, but where there is development pressure. These areas are characterized by limited single-family subdivisions, large singlefamily lots, agricultural uses, protected lands, and forests.

> The region should strive to protect these areas by limiting infrastructure investments to targeted areas and allowing no development or only low-intensity development.

> Limited existing infrastructure in these areas will constrain the amount of additional growth that is possible."

Some transportation improvements may be needed in developing rural areas.

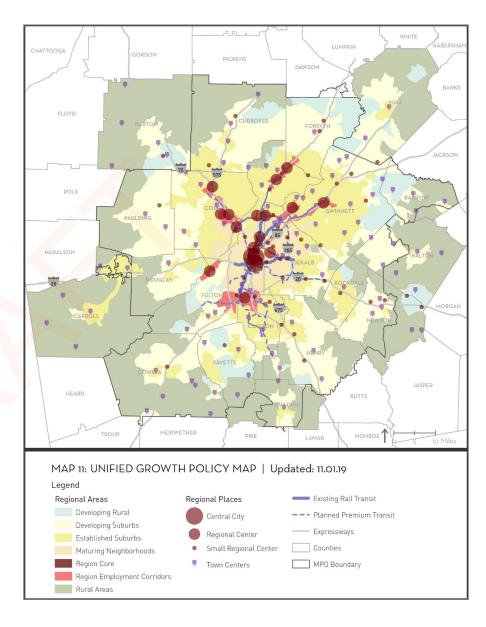


Figure 16. Unified Growth Policy Map from the Atlanta Region's Regional Transportation Plan. The "Auburn" label and arrow were added for this Comprehensive Plan and are not part of the original image.



Local Transportation Network

Overview

Auburn is a community where residents mostly commute outside city limits for work and services, like Barrow County. Approximately 55% of workers leave the county for work; however, most of them do not have to travel far, with only 60.2% commuting at least 30 minutes and only 18.4% commuting at least 60 minutes. Only 14.7% of Auburn residents commute 15 minutes or less, which is slightly less than Barrow County, where 16.6% of workers commute less than 15 minutes (Figure 11).

Given the size of the city and its central location between the cities of Atlanta and Athens, traffic congestion is an issue. Business route US 29 (State Route 8) is the central thoroughfare bisecting the city, serving as the primary access route to US 29's parent route and Interstate 85 via State Route 316. US 29/SR 8 serves approximately 19,500 vehicle trips daily and has three traffic light signals within city limits (Georgia Department of Transportation).

Among the local roads that need attention, Mount Moriah Road, Etheridge Road, and County Line-Auburn Road hold significance. These thoroughfares are primary access routes for the city's industrial zones and northern neighborhoods, connecting them to major highways and state routes. These roads play a crucial role in traffic circulation in the citv.

The remaining streets are of low-volume and residential character. There are future possibilities for improvements such as designated walking and bicycling infrastructure, communication and utility infrastructure, and beautification installments. Based on Georgia Department of Transportation traffic counts, widening these streets is unnecessary.



Infrastructure Improvements

Auburn plans to adopt a joint Complete Streets and Trails Plan with Barrow County in the next five years. This plan serves as a guide to facilitate local decision-making and investment in non-automobile transportation and outdoor recreation. The plan will identify the needs and estimated costs for city sidewalks, bike lanes, and trails.

Several existing streets and sidewalks may require attention in terms of repair and maintenance. Based on feedback received through the public survey, numerous respondents expressed the need for improvements and repairs on various roads, including Mount Moriah, Etheridge Road, County Line-Auburn Road, and Apalachee Church Road. The respondents highlighted that heavy truck traffic has led to the rapid deterioration of these roads. It is advisable for the city to thoroughly assess these areas and determine the necessary repairs and maintenance measures.

As discussed at the input meetings by the Steering Committee and mentioned by respondents in the public survey, attention needs to be given to US 29/SR 8 and addressing the thorofare's traffic congestion issues. Steering Committee members and respondents mentioned the need for dedicated turn lanes and turn signals at established intersections.

Other intersections of concern along US 29/SR 8 include Apalachee Church Road, Etheridge Road, Mt Moriah, and County Line-Auburn Road. Traffic congestion occurs at these intersections as vehicles cannot turn left due to traffic levels, especially during peak rush hour times. Survey respondents recommended the installation of traffic lights at these intersections. It is recommended that the city begins coordinating with GDOT in implementing these improvements.

Safety

The Georgia Department of Transportation reports that 879 crashes occurred in Auburn from 2013-2022, and 76% were of low severity with no injuries, but close to 1% of accidents were fatal. Due to its central location in Auburn and being the main collector in the city, US 29/SR 8 is where crashes occur most frequently, with over two-thirds of crashes occurring there. Also, several survey respondents mentioned the need to reduce the speed limit on Etheridge Road and Brown Bridge Road.

Goals & Policies

Two of this Comprehensive Plan's Goals and Policies (page 3) pertain directly to transportation needs and opportunities:

- Continue to access infrastructure needs and accommodate new developments
- Expansion of walking and bicycle infrastructure



Broadband Services

Expansion of broadband is a top priority region-wide. The Northeast Georgia Comprehensive Economic Development Strategy (CEDS) 2022-2026 prioritizes broadband expansion through specific tasks in its Action Plan (Action Items 3.1-3.4). This CEDS update was crafted through key stakeholder input from the entire Northeast Georgia Region, including economic development professionals, educators, business leaders, and elected officials.

Additionally, in 2018 the Georgia Department of Community Affairs launched the Georgia Broadband Deployment Initiative (GDBI) to coordinate and establish broadband programs to increase economic, educational, and social opportunities for Georgia citizens and businesses. The initiative provides for the expansion of broadband infrastructure and services through new state and local broadband planning policies.

Existing Services

The Georgia Department of Community Affairs (DCA) considers Auburn to be "served" by broadband (Figure 17). The DCA defines "served" as a download speed of 25 Mbps and an upload speed of 3 Mbps. While this speed may be sufficient for certain kinds of digital needs, it may not meet the speeds necessary for higher-demand needs like streaming content or virtual learning.

The nearest location identified on DCA's map of free public Wi-Fi locations (https://broadband.georgia.gov/free-public-wifi) is at the Auburn Public Library, which is less than a 5-minute walk to Auburn's current City Hall and will be less than a 5-minute drive to the new City Hall. Auburn is looking into expanding the library's public Wi-Fi range to extend it outside and reach the community garden and possibly the children's park. Currently, the Library has 100mps upload speeds within a quarter-mile radius of the library. Steering Committee members cited that the local internet providers are not offering adequate services, with many residents visiting the library to access higher and more reliable interest speeds for data upload and work-related activities. Newer

developments in the city include upgraded Wi-Fi capabilities leaving older and less developed places having issues with proper broadband access. There is consideration and interest in utilizing TV white space to provide public Wi-Fi like that in Milledgeville, Georgia.

Auburn will remain open to opportunities to upgrade broadband service and expand free public Wi-Fi locations, as needed, and plans to obtain a Broadband Ready Community designation from the Department of Community Affairs.

City of Auburn Broadband Availability

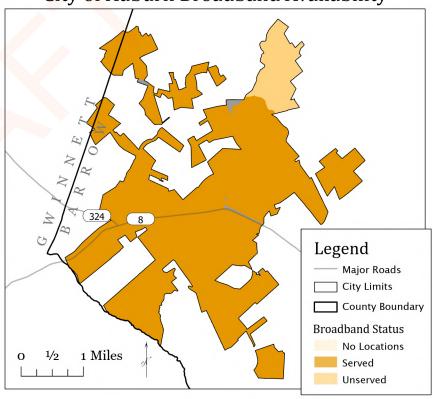


Figure 17. Broadband availability in Auburn, by Census block, according to the Georgia Department of Community Affairs. No areas are unserved. Blocks labeled as "no locations" are places with no buildings, like open spaces and cemeteries.

Land Use

The Land Use Chapter includes a description of future development categories with synchronized zoning designations and a Future Land Use Map. The "future land use" methodology was chosen for the format of land use planning in this document in lieu of the "character area" methodology. The future land use method involves assigning land use categories to each parcel with example uses associated with each category.

It is crucial to have a holistic understanding of land use patterns and existing regulations, as they will have the most significant influence over future growth and development. A review of existing land use was performed to accurately inform any potential future changes. In addition, the future land use map is conceptually consistent with the local zoning ordinance so that the local government's ability to manage land use appropriately is not diminished.

These future land use (FLU) categories correspond to the following map. While zoning and development regulations vary, FLU represents a standardized approach to envisioning and planning for desired scenarios. As such, it is natural that certain areas may appear to be inconsistent between the FLU and zoning maps because FLU presents a blueprint for what is to come.



Future Land Use Designations

Agricultural

Agriculture and very low-density residential development. Ensures that open and/or sparsely developed areas of the city are protected with minimal community impacts.

Parks/Recreation/Conservation

Land dedicated to active or passive recreational uses. These areas may be publicly or privately owned, including playgrounds, public parks, nature preserves, wildlife management areas, national forests, golf courses, recreation centers, or similar uses.

Public/Institutional

Local government or institutional land uses, including but not limited to city halls and government building complexes, police, fire, and emergency medical services stations, libraries, prisons, post offices, schools, military installations, colleges, and hospitals.



Neighborhood Commercial

Provides a location for convenience goods and services for people in nearby residential neighborhoods. Parking will be minimized and buildings should address the street for easy pedestrian and cyclist access. Includes low- and medium-impact civic space.

General Commercial

Commercial uses that require a location accessible to large numbers of people and that serve substantial portions of the community. Typically situated along major roads and thoroughfares. Includes civic space.

Corridor Commercial

Similar to General Commercial, these require a location accessible to large numbers of people and serve substantial portions of the community. Predominantly located along Atlanta Highway. Includes civic space.

Mixed Use

Multiple land uses within the same area, such as a blend of residential, commercial, office, and institutional uses. This may refer to uses mixed vertically (on different floors of the same building) or horizontally (in neighboring buildings). The mixed-use "Town Center" area is expected to include a mixture of blocks dedicated to the following uses: Neighborhood Commercial, General Commercial, Single Family Residential, and Public/Institutional. With some exceptions, these uses will generally transition from commercial and office uses on the blocks nearest the major roads and state routes; to mixed residential and the City Hall in the Town Center core; then to mixed-density residential uses in the areas furthest from the city's center. Existing and new institutional uses may be found throughout. Residential lots will be 5,000-10,000 square ft with an allowable density of 6 dwelling units per acre, taking up 70% of the area. Public/Institutional (pocket parks, a creek-side greenway, and a village green) will take up 20%, and the remaining area will be for commercial and other development types. Commercial and office uses may vary in size and density depending on the characteristics of each project and market demands at the time of proposal. Commercial and office uses in big-box formats and other developments requiring large expanses of parking are not allowable uses in this area.





Single-Family Residential

Conventional residential subdivisions, as well as conservation subdivisions, with supportive recreational amenities and small-scale public/institutional uses. Lot sizes range from 5,000 square feet to several acres. Includes low-impact civic space.

Multi-Family Residential

Apartments, town homes, or duplexes of varying sizes and structure types, mostly concentrated on collectors, arterials, etc. Includes low- and medium-impact civic space.

Heavy Industrial

More intensive manufacturing and industrial operations and processes that are not public nuisances and are not dangerous to the health, safety, or general welfare of the inhabitants of the city.

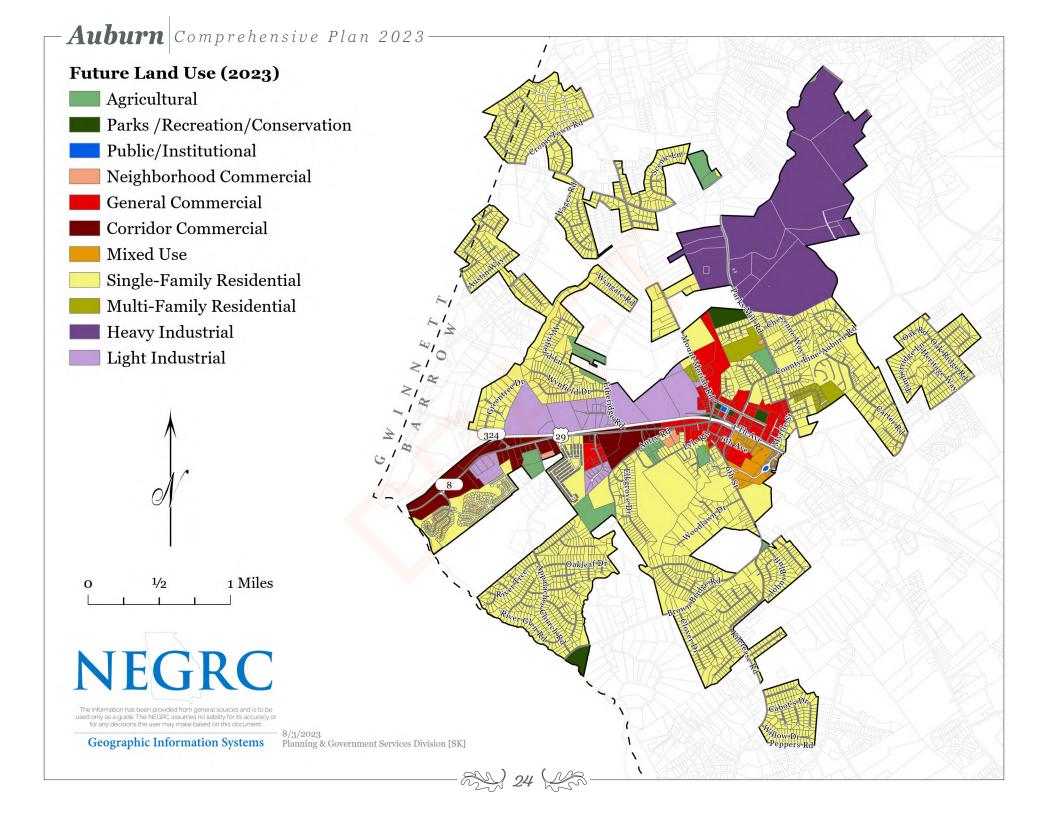
Light Industrial

Lands located on or with ready access to a major road or state highway and well adapted to industrial development, but whose proximity to residential land necessitates minimal impacts. All uses are conducted indoors.









Community Work Program

A Community Work Program consists of two parts: a Report of Accomplishments and a Short-Term Work Program. The Report of Accomplishments (page 28), provides a status report of the 2018–2022 Short-Term Work Program. Subsequently, the Short-Term Work Program (page 25) is updated to reflect a new, tangible list of projects to complete over the following five years (2023-2028). The list identifies priority projects, timelines for implementation, responsible parties, and funding strategies.

Report of Accomplishments

(*entries with an asterisk represent items carried over to the next Short-Term Work Program (STWP))

#	Activity	Status (Complete, Ongoing, Postponed, Cancelled)	Notes
1	Create central square area for gathering, entertainment, and beautification	Completed	A small stage was included in the park next to city hall and space in front of Whistlestop Shops, creating a central gathering and entertainment space.
2	*Develop housing study to identify specific type, design, and location preferences	Postponed	Current housing projects underway and COVID limitations with staff caused it to be postponed and carried over to STWP #5.
3	Designate ad hoc work group of elected officials, staff, and residents to identify programming and facility improvements that will provide opportunities for children and attract families	Completed	Task designated to Parks and Leisure Department.
4	Begin implementation of mixed-use development south of railroad	Completed	Construction of a new Town Center mixed-use development began in 2019, estimated completion of Phase 1 is 2023.
5	Determine list of infrastructure (and other) needs to accommodate future development	Completed	Ongoing discussions related to infrastructure needs will continue and be incorporated into the plan's new goals and policies section.

#	Activity	Status (Complete, Ongoing, Postponed, Cancelled)	Notes
6	*Adopt complete streets and trails plan for walking and bicycling	Postponed	The discussion expanded to become a joint effort with Barrow County. The project is estimated to begin in Summer 2024 and will be carried over to STWP #11.
7	*Construct underpass for connectivity across railroad corridor	Postponed	The intention was revised to be a pedestrian overpass. Funds have been unavailable to complete the project to date. Item revised and carried over to STWP #12.
8	Adopt basic parks and recreation master plan that identifies needs/desires and recommends improvements (including greenspace)	Completed	The plan completed outlines facilities to be built within the city.
9	*Open dog park	Postponed	Pending funding, refer to the parks and recreation plan. Carried over to STWP #8.
10	Develop parking plan focusing on day-to- day and special events parking, including physical space and operations/procedures	Completed	Responsibility is held within Auburn Police Department.
11	Define blight eradication strategy	Completed	Auburn Police Department adopted a "broken window strategy" to tie in with code enforcement.
12	*Identify location for and create flexible- use space for children and teens, using existing public land	Postponed	Pending construction of a sports complex referred to in the parks and recreation plan. No estimated completion and carried over to STWP #9.
13	Construct splash pad	Postponed	It was included as a recommendation in the LCI Study, with no estimated completion date.
14	Develop plan to increase diversity	Ongoing	Considered a general goal of the city, the item is incorporated into the plan's new goals and policies section.
15	Designate ad hoc committee to address poverty	Abandoned	Item being addressed through various other programs. Lanier Technical College partnered with City to offer adult literacy programs in Perry-Rainey Center and Code Enforcement Officer is implementing "broken window" policy.



#	Activity	Status (Complete, Ongoing, Postponed, Cancelled)	Notes
16	Adopt economic development plan	Postponed	Pending designation of responsibility for city-wide economic development and potential collaboration with Barrow County. Incorporated into the new goals and policies section of the plan.
17	Prepare and adopt Town Center concept	Completed	LCI downtown master plan accomplishes this item. Completed in 2021.
18	Prepare and adopt an Access Management Plan (driveway consolidation and interparcel access for the Atlanta Highway/SR 8/U.S. 29 Bus. Route corridor)	Completed	
19	Review, edit, and adopt amendments to city code and development ordinances	Completed	Consistently addressed and considered an ongoing effort.
20	Map stormwater and sewer features in GIS	Ongoing	New developments are required to send plats to Barrow County GIS department for digitization.
21	*Working with property owners, create plan to redevelop old Ingles store	Postponed	Item identified as a major need during community input meetings and carried over to STWP #1.

Short-term Work Program

(*entries with an asterisk represent carryover items from the previous STWP)

#	Activity	Timeframe	Responsible Party	Cost Estimate	Funding Source
E	conomic Development				
1	*Work with property owners to create plan to redevelop old Ingle's store	2023-2027	Downtown Development Authority, City Staff, and Mayor & Council	Staff Time	N/A
2	Create shared-work and office space to serve as a step up from Whistle Stop Shops for small businesses	2023-2028	Downtown Development Authority, City Staff, and Mayor & Council	Dependent on Project	General Fund, Grants
Pl	anning & Land Use				
3	Complete development of Phase 2 of Town Center mixed-use development	2023-2028	Downtown Development Authority, City Council, and City Manager	Dependent on Project	General fund, Grants, Private Public Partnerships
4	Complete a comprehensive audit of the local zoning ordinance and development codes	2023-2028	Planning Commission, Sustainability Committee, and City Council	\$15,000	General Fund
Н	ousing		V 100		
5	*Develop housing study to identify specific type, design, and location preferences	2023-2025	Planning Commission, City Staff, Mayor, and City Council	\$20,000	General Fund
N	atural & Cultural Resources				
6	Create marketing material for the city's historic resources, along with public outreach	2023	City Staff	Staff Time	General Fund

#	Activity	Timeframe	Responsible Party	Cost Estimate	Funding Source		
Co	mmunity Facilities & Services	S					
7	Audit service delivery fee rates and align with state recommendations	2023-2024	City Staff and Mayor & Council	Staff Time	Utilities, General Fund		
8	*Construct a local dog park	2023-2025	City Staff and Mayor & Council	\$30,000	General Fund, Grants		
9	*Identify location for and create flexible-use space for children and teens, using existing public land	2023-2028	Parks and Leisure Commission, City Staff, and Mayor & Council	\$65,000	General Fund, Grants		
Int	erjurisdictional Coordination	ı					
10	Host retreat with City of Carl to discuss economic development opportunities at city boundaries	2023-2028	City Staff and Mayor & Council	Staff Time	N/A		
Tra	ansportation						
11	* Adopt complete streets and trails plan for walking and bicycling	2024-2028	Parks and Leisure Commission, City Staff, and Mayor & Council	\$2,000	General Fund, GDOT		
12	*Construct a pedestrian overpass for connectivity across railroad corridor	2024-2028	City Staff and Mayor & Council	\$1,500,000	General Fund, GDOT, Grants		
13	Sidewalk expansion	2023-2028	City Staff and Mayor & Council	Dependent on Project	General Fund, Grants		
Bro	Broadband Services						
14	Expand public Wi-Fi availability near the library.	2023-2028	City Staff	\$10,000	General Fund, Grants		
15	Become a designated Broadband Ready Community	2023-2025	City Staff and Mayor & Council	Staff Time	N/A		

Appendix

This section provides documentation of public meetings, public involvement, and data collection associated with the development of the Comprehensive Plan.

Appendix Contents

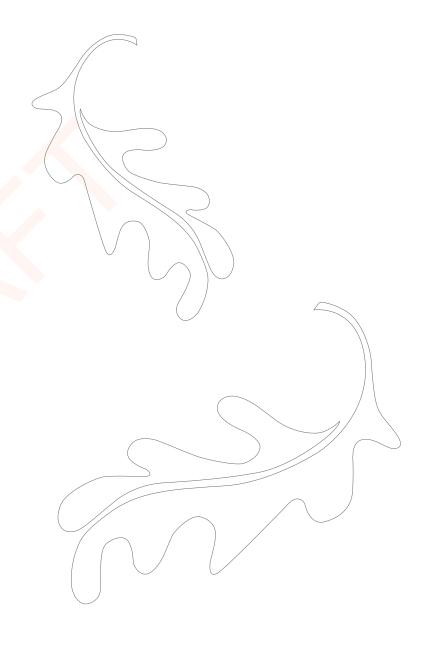
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Public Input

Public Hearing #1/ Input Meeting #1 Documentation

NOTICE OF PUBLIC HEARING

The City of Auburn will conduct a Public Hearing on **May 1st, 2023, at 6:00 p.m.** at the Auburn Public Library, 24 5th Street, Auburn, GA 30011.

Comprehensive Plan Update for the City of Auburn

The purpose of the public hearing is to brief the community on the process in developing the comprehensive plan, and to obtain input on the proposed planning process. Citizens, business owners, and all stakeholders are invited to attend the Public Hearing to provide comments, ideas, and suggestions. If you are unable to attend and wish to receive information regarding the hearing, please contact the Northeast Georgia Regional Commission (NEGRC) at (706) 445-5096 or skaminski@negrc.org.

6 Freeple missing				
AUBURN GROKGIA-ULI 1892 NAME	City of Auburn: Comprehensive Plan Update Public Hearing #1: May 1st, 2023 – 6:00 p.m.) Auburn Public Library, 24 5th St, Auburn, GA 30011 EMAIL			
Chris La Veglin Telly la Veglin Cassandra Gilbert Douglas Maguerther Jim Poatra Pam Llewellyn Wind + Ben Azren Dylan MECLITY Chris Farking Shapon Panking Sabrina Watson	Emails Redacted			

AUBURN GIORGIA GIT. 1459 NAME	City of Auburn: Comprehensive Plan Update Public Hearing #1: May 1 st , 2023 – 6:00 p.m. Auburn Public Library, 24 5th St, Auburn, GA 30011 EMAIL
Michael Watson Tim Walker July Bradley Pauren Carter Jamie Bradley Tina Parks Ilenis Winler Bel Outwater Brandon WBB Jeel and Fath Streem ale Stari Water S	Emails Redacted

AUBURN GEORGIA EST, 1849 NAME	City of Auburn: Comprehensive Plan Update Public Hearing #1: May 1 st , 2023 – 6:00 p.m. Auburn Public Library, 24 5th St, Auburn, GA 30011 EMAIL		
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Public Hearing #2 Documentation

Pending Publication

Pending Hearing

Input Meeting #2 Documentation

AUBURN GIORGIA-151-1892 NAME	City of Auburn: Comprehensive Plan Update Public Input #2: May 12th, 2023 – 10:00 a.m. Auburn City Hall, 1369 4 th Ave, Auburn, GA 30011 EMAIL
Tina Parks	
Ilens Ourntero	
Sabrina watson	
Lauren Carter	
Charles Brank	
Judy Dradberg	Emails Redacted
TJSist	
Bo Bland	
Cassandra Gilbert	
MATER JEATTY	
Sara Kamonsho	

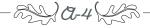
Input Meeting #3 Documentation

	1
AUBURN GEORGIA EST. 1892 NAME	City of Auburn: Comprehensive Plan Update Public Input #3: May 23rd, 2023 – 5:00 p.m. Auburn Public Library, 24 5 th Street, Auburn, GA 30011
	LIVIAIL
Bel Outwater	
MARK BEATTY	
SACA KAMINSKI	
Sabrina Watson	
Michael Watson	
Cassandra Gilbert	Emails Redacted
Dow Mayweather	
Tina Parks	
James Praper	
CARD	
-	

Input Meeting #4 Documentation

AUBURN CONGUA-151, 1892 NAME	City of Auburn: Comprehensive Plan Update Public Input #4: June 14th, 2023 – 1:30 p.m. Auburn Public Library, 24 5 th Street, Auburn, GA 30011 EMAIL
Bel Outwater	
Beth Eavenson	Emails Redacted
Tim walker	
Sabruna Watson	
July Brodberry	
July Goderne Mare Berry	
Sara Kamnsk	
Dylan MEanty	
Ilenia Quintero	
Sir Pouler	
Chita Sulla reco	
Scra Kaminski	

AUBURN GUOGGIA-1517, 1892 NAME	City of Auburn: Comprehensive Plan Update Public Input #4: June 14th, 2023 – 1:30 p.m. Auburn Public Library, 24 5 th Street, Auburn, GA 30011 EMAIL
Mark Beatly	Emails Redacted



Online Public Survey & Story Map

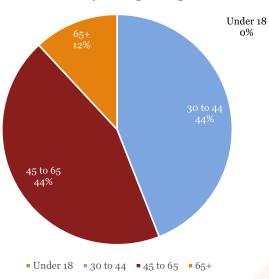
City of Auburn 2023 Comprehensive Plan Update Survey Please complete the survey below. The purpose of the survey is to gather information and guide the Northeast Georgia Regional Commission and the City of Auburn through the update of the comprehensive plan. Your answers will be anonymous and will be used to identify needs within the community. Please use this map for the first question. **Future Land Use** Single-Family Residential Multi-Family Residential General Commercial Corridor Commercial Neighborhood Commercial Agricultural Light Industrial Heavy Industrial The map shown above is of a draft of the Future Land Use Map for the comprehensive plan. Please provide any comments regarding the growth concept presented in the map:



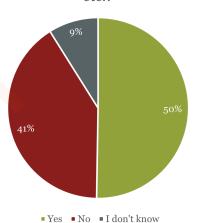
Online Survey Summary Graphics

Due to the large number of responces, a seperate document containing the online survey responces will be published in a supplemental documents after the adpotion of the Comprehensive Plan.

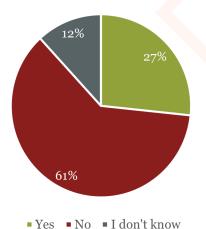
What is your age range:



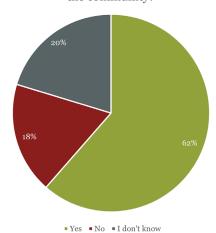
Is the community safe, comfortable, and inviting for people to walk or bike to activities, jobs, shopping, dining, services, etc.?

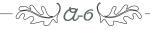


Are the streets and sidewalks adequately maintained?



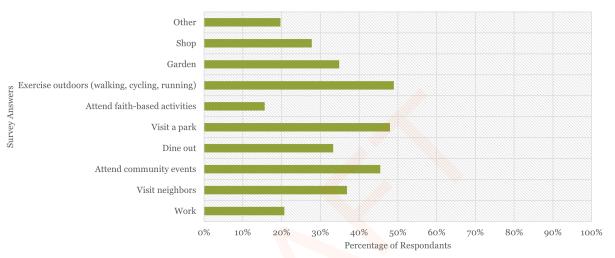
Are there adequate housing options to meet the future needs of the community?



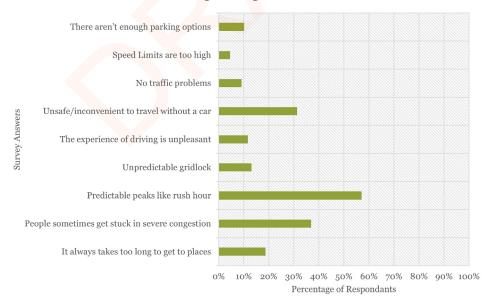


Online Survey Summary Graphics (Continued)





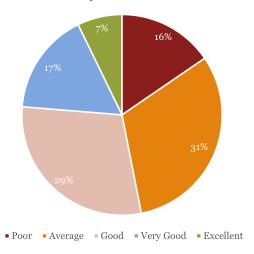
Does the community have traffic issues? If so, what is the specific problem?



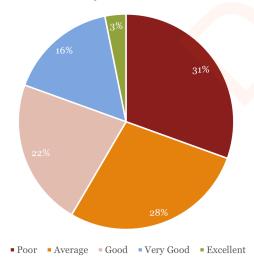


Online Survey Summary Graphics (Continued)

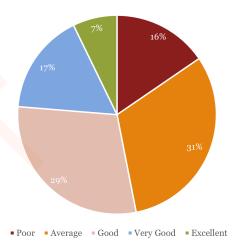
How would you rate emergency response services in the City of Auburn:



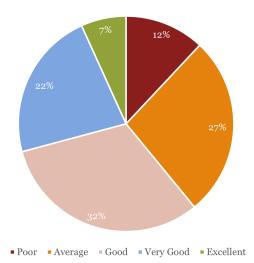
How would you rate leisure/recreation services in the City of Auburn:



How would you rate the water & sewer in the City of Auburn:



How would you rate internet services in the City of Auburn:



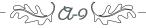


Community Data

Business Analyst Online (BAO) Reports

REGIONAL COMMISSION	Auburn City, GA Auburn City, GA (1304140) Geography: Place	Prepared by I
		Auburn city,
Population Summary		
2010 Total Population		6,9
2020 Total Population		7,4
2020 Group Quarters		0.4
2022 Total Population		8,1
2022 Group Quarters 2027 Total Population		8.8
2022-2027 Annual Rate		1.84
2022-2027 Allitual Rate 2022 Total Daytime Population		5,6
Workers		1,4
Residents		4,1
Household Summary		4,1
		2.2
2010 Households 2010 Average Household Size		2,3 2.
2020 Total Households		2,6
2020 Average Household Size		2,0
2020 Average Household Size 2022 Households		2,8
2022 Average Household Size		2,0
2027 Households		3,1
2027 Average Household Size		2.
2022-2027 Annual Rate		1.92
2010 Families		1,8
2010 Average Family Size		3.
2022 Families		2,1
2022 Average Family Size		3.
2027 Families		2,3
2027 Average Family Size		3.
2022-2027 Annual Rate		1.88
Housing Unit Summary		
2000 Housing Units		2,4
Owner Occupied Housing Units		79.4
Renter Occupied Housing Units		18.0
Vacant Housing Units		2.5
2010 Housing Units		2,6
Owner Occupied Housing Units		70.8
Renter Occupied Housing Units		20.0
Vacant Housing Units		9.2
2020 Housing Units		2,7
Vacant Housing Units		4.1
2022 Housing Units		3,0
Owner Occupied Housing Units		83.3
Renter Occupied Housing Units		11.8
Vacant Housing Units		4.8
2027 Housing Units		3,3
Owner Occupied Housing Units		84.6
Renter Occupied Housing Units Vacant Housing Units		10.2 5.2
Median Household Income		5.2
		\$62,8
2022 2027		\$62,8 \$72,5.
Median Home Value		\$72,3
2022		\$187,9
2022		\$187,9 \$216,9
Per Capita Income		\$210,9
2022		\$26,9
2022		\$20,9
Median Age		\$31,2
2010		33
2010		33
2027		38
Data Note: Household population include	es persons not residing in group quarters. Average Household Size is the ler and persons related to the householder by birth, marriage, or adoption and by the total population.	household population divided by total households.
	7. U.S. Census Bureau 2000 and 2010 decennial Census data converted by	v Ecri into 2020 geography
Source: ESTI TORECASTS FOR 2022 and 202	7. U.S. Census bureau 2000 and 2010 decennial Census data converted by	y Esri into 2020 geography. April 26, 20

Aubum City, GA (1304140) Geography: Place Aubum City, GA (1304140) Geography: Place Aubum City, GA (1304140) Busshold Income Base <\$15,000 \$15,000 \$24,999 \$25,000 \$34,999 \$15,000 \$11,0000 \$15,00000 \$15,00000 \$15,00000 \$15,00000 \$15,00000 \$15,00000 \$15,00000 \$15,00000 \$15,00000 \$15,00000 \$15,00000000 \$15,0000000 \$15,000000000000 \$15,000000000000000000000000000000000000	NEGRC NORTHEAST GEORGIA	Community Profile	
### Disashidits by Income ### Disashidits by Income Base .2,	REGIONAL COMMISSION	Auburn City, GA (1304140)	Prepared by E
Household Income Base \$15,000 = \$24,999 \$15,000 = \$24,999 \$15,000 = \$43,999 \$15,000	022 Households by Income		Auburn city,
<\$15,000			2.8
\$\$1,50,00 - \$24,999 \$\$2,50,00 - \$34,999 \$\$5,000 - \$49,999 \$\$1,50,000 - \$199,999 \$\$1,50,000 - \$149,999 \$\$1,50,000 - \$149,999 \$\$1,50,000 - \$149,999 \$\$1,50,000 - \$149,999 \$\$1,50,000 - \$149,999 \$\$1,50,000 - \$149,999 \$\$1,50,000 - \$149,999 \$\$1,50,000 - \$149,999 \$\$1,50,000 - \$149,999 \$\$1,50,000 - \$149,999 \$\$1,50,000 - \$199,999			9.5
\$25,000 - \$14,999 \$50,000 - \$74,999 \$75,000 - \$149,999 \$15,000 - \$149,999 \$15,000 - \$149,999 \$17,500 - \$149,999 \$17,500 - \$149,999 \$20,000+ *********************************			4.5
\$50,000 - \$74,999 \$15,000 - \$149,999 \$17,500 - \$149,999 \$20,000+ \$20,000+ \$20,000+ \$20,000+ \$20,000+ \$35,000 - \$149,999 \$35,000 - \$24,999 \$25,000 - \$24,999 \$25,000 - \$24,999 \$25,000 - \$24,999 \$25,000 - \$24,999 \$25,000 - \$24,999 \$25,000 - \$149,999			8.4
\$15,000 - \$99,999	\$35,000 - \$49,999		10.5
\$100,000 - \$149,999 \$150,000 - \$199,999 \$200,000+ Merage Household Income ***********************************	\$50,000 - \$74 <mark>,999</mark>		27.3
\$15,00,00 - \$199,999 \$20,0000+ Average Household Income ***POSTAM STAM STAM STAM STAM STAM STAM STAM	\$75,000 - \$99,999		16.0
\$200,000+ Werage Household Income ***Pousehold Income Base** **\$15,000 * \$24,999			17.9
Average Household Income \$76,5027 Household Income Base 3,1 4 \$15,000 \$24,999 3,1 \$15,000 \$24,999 3,9 \$25,000 \$24,999 3,9 \$50,000 \$74,999 22,1 \$75,000 \$149,999 16,6 \$100,000 \$149,999 16,5 \$100,000 \$199,999 6,1 \$200,000+ \$22,2 Average Household Income \$83,8 102 Owner Occupied Housing Units by Value 2. Total \$50,000 \$99,999 5. \$50,000 \$99,999 5. \$100,000 \$149,999 10,0 \$150,000 \$249,999 10,0 \$150,000 \$249,999 14,1 \$200,000 \$249,999 14,1 \$200,000 \$399,999 14,4 \$200,000 \$249,999 5. \$100,000 \$349,999 5. \$100,000 \$349,999 5. \$1,000,000 \$1,999,999 5.			4.2
### Dusshold Income Base			1.8
Household Income Base			\$76,9
\$15,000			
\$15,000 - \$24,999 \$25,000 - \$49,999 \$35,000 - \$49,999 \$22,0000 - \$74,999 \$23,515,000 - \$149,999 \$23,515,000 - \$199,999 \$23,5150,000 - \$199,999 \$23,5150,000 - \$199,999 \$24,000 - \$149,999 \$25,000 - \$299,999 \$25,000 - \$200,000 - \$200,000 - \$200,000 - \$200,000 - \$200,000 - \$200,000			
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\$50,000 - \$74,999 \$10,000 - \$149,999 \$150,000 - \$199,999 \$150,000 - \$199,999 \$20,0000 - \$199,999 \$20,0000 - \$199,999 \$20,0000 - \$199,999 \$20,0000 - \$199,999 \$20,0000 - \$199,999 \$20,0000 - \$199,999 \$21,500,000 - \$249,999 \$22,00000 - \$149,999 \$23,0000 - \$149,999 \$24,0000 - \$149,999 \$25,0000 - \$149,999 \$25,0000 - \$149,999 \$26,0000 - \$149,999 \$27,00000 - \$149,999 \$27,00000 - \$149,999 \$28,0000 - \$149,999 \$29,00000 - \$149,999 \$29,00000 - \$149,999 \$20,0000 - \$149,999 \$21,000,000 - \$149,999 \$22,000,000 - \$149,999 \$23,000,000 - \$149,999 \$24,000,000 - \$149,999 \$25,000,000 - \$149,999			
\$75,000 - \$99,999			
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\$20,000+ Average Household Income Total (\$\$5,000 (\$\$0,000 - \$99,999 (\$\$1,50,000 - \$149,999 (\$\$1,50,000 - \$249,999 (\$\$1,50,000 - \$249,999 (\$\$1,50,000 - \$149,999 (\$\$1,50,000 - \$149,999 (\$\$1,50,000 - \$149,999 (\$\$1,50,000 - \$149,999 (\$\$1,50,000 - \$149,999 (\$\$1,50,000 - \$149,999 (\$\$1,50,000 - \$149,999 (\$\$1,500,000 - \$14,99,999 (\$\$1,500,000 - \$14,99,999 (\$			
Average Household Income \$88,7 2022 Owner Occupied Housing Units by Value 2,5 Total 2,5 < \$50,000 - \$99,999			
1022 Owner Occupied Housing Units by Value			
Total 2, <\$50,000 + \$99,999		Units by Value	400),
<\$50,000		,	2.5
\$5,000 - \$99,999 \$10,000 - \$149,999 \$20,000 - \$249,999 \$14, \$20,000 - \$299,999 \$14, \$300,000 - \$399,999 \$14, \$300,000 - \$499,999 \$14, \$300,000 - \$499,999 \$15,000,000 - \$499,999 \$15,000,000 - \$4,99,999 \$15,000,000 - \$1,499,999 \$15,000,000 - \$1,499,999 \$15,000,000 - \$1,499,999 \$15,000,000 - \$1,499,999 \$15,000,000 - \$1,499,999 \$15,000,000 - \$1,499,999 \$15,000,000 - \$1,499,999 \$15,000,000 - \$1,499,999 \$15,000 - \$1,499,999 \$15,000 - \$1,499,999 \$15,000 - \$1,499,999 \$15,000 - \$1,499,999 \$15,000 - \$1,500,000 - \$1,99,999 \$15,000 - \$1,500,000 - \$1,509,999 \$15,000 - \$1,500,000 - \$1,500,000 - \$1,500,000 - \$1,500,000 - \$1,500,000 - \$1,500,000 - \$1,500,000 - \$1,500,999,999 \$15,000 - \$1,500,000 - \$1,500,999,999 \$15,000,000 - \$1,500,999,999 \$15,000,000 - \$1,500,999,999 \$15,000,000 - \$1,500,999,999 \$15,000,000 - \$1,500,999,999 \$2,000,000 - \$1,500,000 - \$1,999,999 \$2,000,000 - \$1,999,999 \$2,000,000 - \$1,999,999 \$2,000,000 - \$1,999,999 \$2,000,000 - \$1,999,999 \$2,000,000 - \$1,999,999 \$2,000,000 - \$1,999,999 \$2,000,000 - \$1,999,999 \$2,000,000 - \$1,999,999 \$2,000,000 - \$1,999,999 \$2,000,000 - \$1,999,999 \$2,000,000 - \$1,999,999 \$2,000,000 - \$1,999,999 \$2,000,000 - \$1,999,999 \$2,000,000 - \$1,999,999 \$2,000,000 - \$1,199,999 \$2,000,000 - \$1,199,999	<\$50.000		2.4
\$10,000 - \$149,999			5.1
\$15,000 - \$199,999 \$20,000 - \$299,999 \$30,000 - \$299,999 \$11,400,000 - \$499,999 \$20,000,000 - \$499,999 \$20,000,000 - \$499,999 \$20,000,000 - \$1,499,999 \$20,000,000 - \$1,499,999 \$20,000,000 - \$1,499,999 \$20,000,000 - \$1,499,999 \$20,000,000 - \$1,499,999 \$20,000,000 - \$1,499,999 \$20,000,000 - \$1,499,999 \$20,000,000 - \$1,499,999 \$20,000 - \$1,500,000 - \$1,99,999 \$20,000,000 - \$1,99,999 \$20,000 - \$1,99,999 \$20,000 - \$1,99,999 \$20,000 - \$1,99,999 \$20,000 - \$1,99,999 \$20,000 - \$1,99,999 \$20,000,000 - \$1,99,999 \$20,000,000 - \$1,99,999 \$20,000,000 - \$1,99,999 \$20,000,000 - \$1,99,999 \$20,000,000 - \$1,99,999 \$20,000,000 - \$1,999,999 \$20,000,000 - \$1,999,999 \$20,000,000 - \$1,999,999 \$20,000,000 - \$1,999,999 \$20,000,000 - \$1,999,999 \$20,000,000 - \$1,999,999 \$20,000,000 - \$1,999,999 \$20,000,000 - \$1,999,999 \$20,000,000 - \$1,999,999 \$20,000,000 - \$1,999,999 \$20,000,000 - \$1,999,999 \$20,000,000 - \$1,999,999			10.6
\$200,000 - \$249,999	\$150,000 - \$199,999		41.9
\$300,000 \$399,999 \$2,00,000 \$499,999 \$0.95,20,000 \$499,999 \$0.95,20,000 \$499,999 \$0.95,20,000 \$499,999 \$0.95,200,000 \$1,1500,000 \$1,499,999 \$0.95,200,000 \$1,500,000 \$1,499,999 \$0.95,200,000 \$1,500,000 \$1,499,999 \$0.95,200,000 \$1,500,000 \$1,499,999 \$0.95,200,000 \$1,500,000 \$1,499,999 \$0.95,200,000 \$299,999 \$0.95,2000,000 \$299,999,999 \$0.95,2000,000 \$299,999 \$0.95,2000,000 \$299,999 \$0.95,2000,000 \$299,999 \$0.95,2000,000 \$299,999 \$0.95,2000,000 \$299,999 \$0.95,2000,000 \$299,999 \$0.95,2000,000 \$299,999 \$0.95,2000,000 \$2900,000 \$290,000 \$2			14.7
\$400,000 - \$499,999	\$250,000 - \$299,999		4.4
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\$1,50,000 - \$1,999,999 \$2,000,000 + Average Home Value \$236,50 202 Owner Occupied Housing Units by Value Total \$50,000 - \$99,999 \$1. \$10,000 - \$149,999 \$5. \$150,000 - \$149,999 \$5. \$150,000 - \$149,999 \$6. \$20,000 - \$299,999 \$6. \$250,000 - \$299,999 \$6. \$250,000 - \$299,999 \$6. \$300,000 - \$299,999 \$6. \$300,000 - \$299,999 \$6. \$300,000 - \$299,999 \$6. \$400,000 - \$499,999 \$1. \$1,500,000 - \$149,999 \$1. \$1,500,000 - \$149,999 \$1. \$1,500,000 - \$149,999 \$1. \$1,000,000 - \$149,999 \$2,000,000 + Average Home Value \$281,Could be a supplying the			0.9
\$2,00,000 +			0.0
Average Home Value \$236,5 Average Home Value \$236,5 1027 Owner Occupied Housing Units by Value \$2,6 Total \$2,6 \$50,000 - \$99,999 1.5 \$100,000 - \$149,999 5.5 \$200,000 - \$299,999 16.6 \$250,000 - \$299,999 6.1 \$400,000 - \$499,999 3.3 \$500,000 - \$749,999 3.8 \$500,000 - \$749,999 1.4 \$1,000,000 - \$1,499,999 0.0 \$1,500,000 - \$1,499,999 0.0 \$2,000,000 + \$1,499,999 0.0 \$2,000,000 + \$1,499,999 0.0 \$2,000,000 + \$1,499,999 0.0 \$2,000,000 + \$1,499,999 2.0 \$2,000,000 + \$1,499,999 0.0 \$2,000,000 + \$2,199,999 0.0 \$2,000,000 + \$2,199,999 0.0 \$2,000,000 + \$2,199,999 0.0 \$2,000,000 + \$2,199,999 0.0 \$2,000,000 + \$2,000,000			
1027 Owner Occupied Housing Units by Value 2,8 2,8 3,5 3,0,0,00 3,9,9,99 3,1,1 3,0,0,0,0 3,9,9,99 3,5,1 3,0,0,0,0 3,9,9,9,99 3,5,1 3,0,0,0,0 3,9,9,9,9 3,5,1 3,0,0,0,0 3,9,9,9,9 3,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0			
Total 2,8			\$236,5
<\$50,000		Units by Value	2.0
\$50,000 - \$99,999 \$1. \$100,000 - \$149,999 \$3. \$200,000 - \$249,999 \$16. \$250,000 - \$299,999 \$16. \$300,000 - \$399,999 \$18. \$400,000 - \$399,999 \$18. \$400,000 - \$499,999 \$3. \$500,000 - \$749,999 \$1. \$500,000 - \$749,999 \$1. \$1,000,000 - \$1,499,999 \$1. \$1,000,000 - \$1,499,999 \$2,000,000 + \$0. \$1,500,000 - \$1,999,999 \$2,000,000 + \$0. \$			
\$10,000 - \$149,999 \$1,510,000 - \$149,999 \$200,000 - \$249,999 \$1,520,000 - \$299,999 \$300,000 - \$399,999 \$400,000 - \$499,999 \$3.95,500,000 - \$749,999 \$3.90,900 - \$749,999 \$1,100,000 - \$149,999 \$1,100,000 - \$149,999 \$1,100,000 - \$1,499,999 \$1,100,000 - \$1,499,999 \$2,000,000 + \$1,500,000 - \$1,999,999 \$2,000,000 + \$1,500,000 - \$1,999,999 \$2,000,000 + \$1,500,000 - \$1,999,999 \$2,100,000 - \$1,999,999 \$2,100,000 - \$1,100,000 - \$1,100,000 - \$1,100 - \$1,100,000 - \$1,			
\$150,000 - \$199,999 35. \$200,000 - \$249,999 16. \$250,000 - \$299,999 6. \$300,000 - \$399,999 18. \$400,000 - \$499,999 3. \$500,000 - \$749,999 3. \$500,000 - \$749,999 1. \$1,000,000 - \$1,499,999 1. \$1,000,000 - \$1,499,999 0. \$1,500,000 - \$1,999,999 1. \$2,000,000 + \$0,000			
\$250,000 - \$249,999			
\$250,000 - \$299,999			
\$30,000 - \$399,999			
\$400,000 - \$499,999			
\$50,000 - \$749,999 \$750,000 - \$999,999 \$1,45,000,000 - \$1,499,999 0.4 \$1,500,000 - \$1,999,999 0.4 \$2,000,000 + Average Home Value \$2,000,000 + Average Home Value \$2,000,000 + \$1,999,999 \$2,000,000 + \$2,000,000 + \$2,000,000 + \$2,000,000 + \$2,000,000 + \$2,000,000 + \$3,000,000 + \$4,999,999,999 \$2,000,000 + \$2,000,000 + \$3,000,000 + \$4,999,999 \$3,000,000 + \$4,999,999 \$4,000,000 + \$4,999,999 \$5,000,000 + \$4,999,999 \$5,000,000 + \$5,000,			3.7
\$750,000 - \$999,999			8.3
\$1,000,000 - \$1,499,999 \$1,500,000 - \$1,999,999 \$2,000,000+ Average Home Value \$281,0 Data Note: Income represents the preceding year, expressed in current dollars. Household income includes wage and salary earnings, interest dividends, net rents,			1.6
\$1,500,000 - \$1,999,999 \$2,000,000 + 0. Average Home Value \$281,000,000 + \$281,00			0.0
Average Home Value \$281,0 Data Note: Income represents the preceding year, expressed in current dollars. Household income includes wage and salary earnings, interest dividends, net rents,			0.4
Data Note: Income represents the preceding year, expressed in current dollars. Household income includes wage and salary earnings, interest dividends, net rents,	\$2,000,000 +		0.1
	Average Home Value		\$281,0
Source: Esri forecasts for 2022 and 2027. U.S. Census Bureau 2000 and 2010 decennial Census data converted by Esri into 2020 geography.	pensions, SSI and welfare payments,	child support, and alimony.	



NORTHEAST GEORGIA REGIONAL COMMISSION	Auburn City, GA Auburn City, GA (1304140) Geography: Place	Prepared by E
2010 Population by Age		Auburn city,
Total		6,9
0 - 4		7.
5 - 9		7.
10 - 14		7.
15 - 24		13.
25 - 34		15.
35 - 44		14.
45 - 54		16.
55 - 64 65 - 74		9.
75 - 84		5.: 1.:
85 +		0.
18 +		72.
2022 Population by Age		7.5.
Total		8,1
0 - 4		6.
5 - 9		6.1
10 - 14		6.1
15 - 24		11.
25 - 34		14.9
35 - 44		14.
45 - 54		12.
55 - 64		13.
65 - 74		8.
75 - 84		3.
85 + 18 +		0. ⁻ 76.
2027 Population by Age		70.
Total		8,8
0 - 4		6.
5 - 9		6.
10 - 14		7.
15 - 24		11.3
25 - 34		13.
35 - 44		15.
45 - 54		12.
55 - 64		12.
65 - 74		9.:
75 - 84		4.:
85 +		0.i 75.
18 +		73.:
2010 Population by Sex Males		3,5
Females		3,3
2022 Population by Sex		3,-
Males		4,1
Females		3,9
2027 Population by Sex		-,,
Males		4,5
Females		4,5
Source: Esri forecasts for 2022 an	d 2027. U.S. Census Bureau 2000 and 2010 decennial Census data converted by	v Esri into 2020 geography.

REGIONAL COMMISSION	Auburn City, GA Auburn City, GA (1304140) Geography: Place	Prepared by Esr
1010 Population by Race/E	thnicity	Auburn city,
Total	,	6,930
White Alone		84.9%
Black Alone		5.0%
American Indian Alone		0.3%
Asian Alone		4.6%
Pacific Islander Alone Some Other Race Alone		0.0% 3.1%
Two or More Races		2.1%
Hispanic Origin		7.6%
Diversity Index		37.6
020 Population by Race/E	thnicity	3710
Total		7,495
White Alone		74.1%
Black Alone		6.8%
American Indian Alone		0.6%
Asian Alone		4.1%
Pacific Islander Alone		0.0%
Some Other Race Alone Two or More Races		5.9% 8.6%
Hispanic Origin		12.4%
Diversity Index		55.8
2022 Population by Race/E	thnicity	33.0
Total	,	8,120
White Alone		73.4%
Black Alone		6.8%
American Indian Alone		0.6%
Asian Alone		4.4%
Pacific Islander Alone		0.0%
Some Other Race Alone		6.0%
Two or More Races		8.8%
Hispanic Origin		12.9% 56.8
Diversity Index 2027 Population by Race/E	thnicity	56.8
Total	thnicity	8,893
White Alone		71.9%
Black Alone		7.1%
American Indian Alone		0.6%
Asian Alone		4.5%
Pacific Islander Alone		0.0%
Some Other Race Alone		6.4%
Two or More Races		9.5%
Hispanic Origin		13.2%
Diversity Index	nship and Household Type	58.6
Total	nsnip and nousenoid Type	6.020
In Households		6,930 100.0%
In Family Households		89.6%
Householder		26.0%
Spouse		19.2%
Child		35.5%
Other relative		5.5%
Nonrelative		3.4%
In Nonfamily Househol	ds	10.4%
In Group Quarters		0.0%
Institutionalized Popula Noninstitutionalized Po		0.0% 0.0%





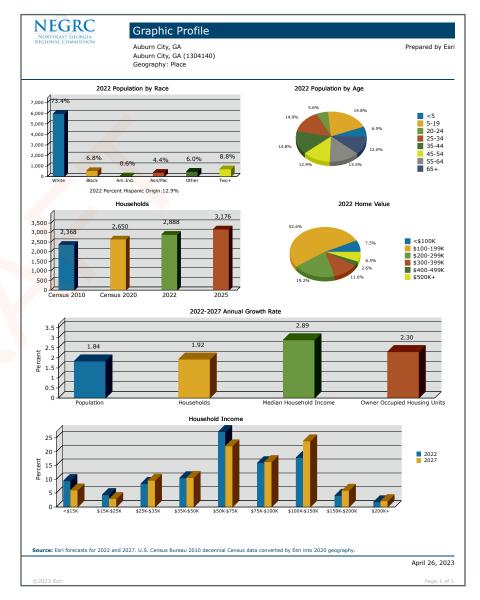
	Auburn City, GA Auburn City, GA (1304140) Geography: Place	Prepared by I
2022 Population 25+ by E	ducational Attainment	Auburn city,
Total	additional Actainment	5,5
Less than 9th Grade		5.3
9th - 12th Grade, No Diplo	ma	11.1
High School Graduate		28.5
GED/Alternative Credential		7.0
Some College, No Degree		22.:
Associate Degree		9.8
Bachelor's Degree		11.3
Graduate/Professional Deg	ree	4.:
2022 Population 15+ by M		
Total		6,4
Never Married		25.4
Married		57.7
Widowed		5.4
Divorced		11.6
2022 Civilian Population 1	6+ in Labor Force	
Civilian Population 16+	o i ili zabol i olec	4,1
Population 16+ Employed		96.7
Population 16+ Unemployn	nent rate	3.3
Population 16-24 Employ		11.4
Population 16-24 Unemp		3.4
Population 25-54 Employ		67.2
Population 25-54 Unemp		3.9
Population 55-64 Employ		18.0
Population 55-64 Unemp		1.5
Population 65+ Employe		3.4
Population 65+ Unemplo		0.0
2022 Employed Population		0.0
Total	120. Dy Industry	4,0
Agriculture/Mining		0,4
Construction		9.8
Manufacturing		12.2
Wholesale Trade		3.2
Retail Trade		18.8
Transportation/Utilities		8.4
Information		2.4
Finance/Insurance/Real Est	la la	6.1
Services	ate	34.5
Public Administration		4.1
	16 L hu Ossumation	4
2022 Employed Population	1 16+ by Occupation	1.0
Total White Coller		4,0 55.2
White Collar Management/Business/Fi	inancial	55.2 12.4
Professional	Halicial	13.9
Sales		13.4
Administrative Support		15.1
Services		11.1
Blue Collar		33.7
Farming/Forestry/Fishing		0.4
Construction/Extraction	(December 1)	7.2
Installation/Maintenance,	Repair	6.8
Production		8.5
Transportation/Material N	loving	10.9
Severes Earl formands for 2022	and 2027. U.S. Census Bureau 2000 and 2010 decennial Census data converted b	by Ecri into 2020 geography

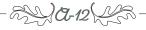
er		Auburn city, 2,3 17.7 82.3 76.6 56.6 29.3 20.2 7.1 4.5 13. 8.6 5.5 42.6
er		17.7 82.8 76.6 29.3 20.3 7.1 4.8 13. 8.4 5.9 42.6
er		17.7 82.8 76.6 29.3 20.3 7.1 4.8 13. 8.4 5.9 42.6
er		82.: 76.8 56.6 29.3 20.3 7.1 4.5 13. 8.4 5.: 42.9 6.5 7.5
er		76.8 56.6 29.3 20.3 7.3 4.5 13. 8.4 5.5 42.6 6.5 7.5
er		56.6 29.3 20.0 7.3 4.5 13. 8.4 5.5 42.6 6.7 7.2
er		29.2 20.2 7.1, 4.5 13. 8.6 5.5 42.9 6.5 7.5
er		20.2 7.1 4.5 13. 8.4 5.5 42.5 6.5 7.2
er		7.1 4.5 13. 8.4 5.5 42.5 6.7 7.5
er		4.5 13. 8.4 5.5 42.9 7.5
er		13. 8.4 5.5 42.5 6.5 7.9
er		8.4 5.9 42.5 6.9 7.9 7.2
		5.5 42.9 6.5 7.9 7.2
		42.9 6.9 7.9 7.2
		6.5 7.9 7.2
		7.9 7.2
		7.9 7.2
		7.2
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		2,3
		17.7
		28.7
		21.9
		16.7
		8.2
		4.3
		2.6
e Status		
		2,3
		78.0
		66.4
		11.7
		22.0
		1
		15.8
us		
		2,6
		75.9
		1.8
		22.3
		EE.
		6.0
		6,9 76.0
		1.8
		22.2
	e Status us	





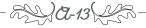
NORTHEAST GEORGIA REGIONAL COMMISSION	Community Profile	
	Auburn City, GA Auburn City, GA (1304140) Geography: Place	Prepared by Es
		Auburn city, .
2010 Households by Type Total		2,36
Households with 1 Person		17.79
Households with 2+ People		82.39
Family Households		76.89
Husband-wife Families		56.69
With Related Children		29.39
Other Family (No Spous	e Present)	20.29
Other Family with Ma	e Householder	7.19
With Related Childs	en	4.59
Other Family with Fer		13.19
With Related Childs	en	8.49
Nonfamily Households		5.59
All Households with Children		42.99
Multigenerational Households		6.59
Unmarried Partner Households		7.99
Male-female		7.29
Same-sex		0.79
2010 Households by S	ze	
Total		2,36
1 Person Household		17.79
2 Person Household		28.79
3 Person Household		21.99
4 Person Household		16.79
5 Person Household 6 Person Household		8.29 4.39
7 + Person Household 2010 Households by Tenure	and Mortgage Status	2.69
Total	and Piortgage Status	2,36
Owner Occupied		78.09
Owned with a Mortgage	/I oan	66.49
Owned Free and Clear		11.79
Renter Occupied		22.09
2022 Affordability, Mortgag	e and Wealth	
Housing Affordability Index		16
Percent of Income for Mortg	age	15.89
Wealth Index		5
2010 Housing Units By Urba	n/ Rural Status	
Total Housing Units		2,60
Housing Units Inside Urba		75.99
Housing Units Inside Urba	nized Cluster	1.89
Rural Housing Units		22.39
2010 Population By Urban/	Rural Status	
Total Population		6,93
Population Inside Urbanize		76.09
Population Inside Urbanize	a Cluster	1.89
Rural Population		22.29
child relationships. Unmarried part householder. Multigenerational and polygons or non-standard geograp		her member of the household related to the block group data, which is used to estimate
Source: Esri forecasts for 2022 an	d 2027. U.S. Census Bureau 2000 and 2010 decennial Census data converted by E	
		April 26, 202





REGIONAL COMMISSION	Auburn City, GA Auburn City, GA (1304140) Geography: Place			Prepared by E
				2010-2020
		2010	2020	Annual Rate
Population		6,930	7,495	0.79%
Households		2,368	2,650	1.13%
Housing Units		2,607	2,763	0.58%
				2010
Population by Race			Number	Percent
Total			6,930	100.0%
Population Reporting One Ra	ice		6,785	97.9%
White			5,882	84.9%
Black			347	5.0%
American Indian			21	0.3%
Asian			317	4.6%
Pacific Islander			2	0.0%
Some Other Race			216	3.1%
Population Reporting Two or	More Paces		145	2.1%
	riule naces			
Total Hispanic Population			529	7.6%
Population by Sex				
Male			3,540	51.1%
Female			3,390	48.9%
Population by Age				
Total			6,926	100.0%
Age 0 - 4			518	7.5%
Age 5 - 9			533	7.7%
Age 10 - 14			536	7.7%
Age 15 - 19			531	7.7%
Age 20 - 24			421	6.1%
Age 25 - 29			526	7.6%
Age 30 - 34			517	7.5%
Age 35 - 39			498	7.2%
Age 40 - 44			529	7.6%
Age 45 - 49			610	8.8%
Age 50 - 54			508	7.3%
			369	7.3% 5.3%
Age 55 - 59				
Age 60 - 64			300	4.3%
Age 65 - 69			219	3.2%
Age 70 - 74			135	1.9%
Age 75 - 79			69	1.0%
Age 80 - 84			66	1.0%
Age 85+			41	0.6%
Age 18+			5,031	72.6%
Age 65+			530	7.6%
Age 18+ Age 65+			5,031 530	

sent)	2,368 418 1,950 1,819	100.0% 17.7%
sent)	418 1,950 1,819	17.7%
sent)	1,950 1,819	
sent)	1,819	
sent)		82.3%
sent)		76.8%
sent)	1,341	56.6%
sent)	630	26.6%
. ,	478	20.2%
	253	10.7%
	131	5.5%
	1,015	42.9%
	153	6.5%
	186	7.9%
	170	7.2%
	16	0.7%
	2.93	
	1 910	100.0%
		31.5%
		27.7%
		21.4%
		10.6%
		5.6%
		3.3%
	3.29	
	549	100.0%
	418	76.1%
	106	19.3%
	14	2.6%
		1.3%
	_	0.5%
	-	0.0%
		0.2%
	1.31	
lousehold Type		
	6,930	100.0%
	6,930	100.0%
	6,212	89.6%
	1,805	26.0%
	1,331	19.2%
	2,458	35.5%
		5.5%
		3.4%
		10.4%
		0.0%
		0.0%
	dousehold Type	16 2.93 1,819 573 504 389 192 101 60 3.29 549 418 106 14 7 3 3 0 1 1.31 tousehold Type 6,930 6,930 6,212 1,805 1,331





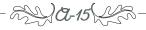
REGIONAL COMMISSION	Auburn City, GA Auburn City, GA (1304140) Geography: Place		Prepared by Es
Family Households by Age	of Householder	:	2010
Total	of Householder	1,819	100.0%
Householder Age 15 - 4	14	847	46.6%
Householder Age 45 - !	54	488	26.8%
Householder Age 55 - 6	54	280	15.4%
Householder Age 65 - 3	74	143	7.9%
Householder Age 75+		61	3.4%
Nonfamily Households by	Age of Householder		
Total	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	549	100.0%
Householder Age 15 - 4	14	173	31.5%
Householder Age 45 - !	54	134	24.4%
Householder Age 55 - 6	54	125	22.8%
Householder Age 65 - 3	74	73	13.3%
Householder Age 75+		44	8.0%
Households by Race of Ho	useholder		
Total		2,368	100.0%
Householder is White Ald		2,090	88.3%
Householder is Black Alo		116	4.9%
Householder is American		8	0.3%
Householder is Asian Ald		68	2.9%
Householder is Pacific Is		0	0.0%
Householder is Some Ot		48	2.0%
Householder is Two or M		38	1.6%
Households with Hispanic Ho	useholder	123	5.2%
Husband-wife Families by	Race of Householder	4 242	100.00/
Total		1,342	100.0%
Householder is White Ald		1,193 48	88.9%
Householder is Black Ald Householder is American		48	3.6%
			0.4%
Householder is Asian Ald Householder is Pacific Is		50	3.7% 0.0%
Householder is Some Ot		28	2.1%
Householder is Two or M		18	1.3%
Husband-wife Families with F		78	5.8%
		,,,	5.0 %
Other Families (No Spouse Total	b) by Race of Householder	477	100.0%
Householder is White Ald	one	405	84.9%
Householder is Black Alo		38	8.0%
Householder is American		2	0.4%
Householder is Asian Ald		10	2.1%
Householder is Pacific Is		0	0.0%
Householder is Some Ot	her Race Alone	13	2.7%
Householder is Two or M	ore Races	9	1.9%
Other Families with Hispanic	Householder	28	5.9%
Nonfamily Households by	Race of Householder		
Total		550	100.0%
Householder is White Ald		492	89.5%
Householder is Black Alo		30	5.5%
Householder is American		1	0.2%
Householder is Asian Ald		8	1.5%
Householder is Pacific Is		0	0.0%
Householder is Some Ot		8	1.5%
Householder is Two or M		11	2.0%
Nonfamily Households with H		17	3.1%
Source: U.S. Census Bureau 20:	10 and 2020 decennial Census data converted by Esri into 2020 geography.		April 26, 202

Total Housing Units by Occupancy Total Occupied Housing Units Vacant Housing Units Vacant Housing Units For Rent Rented, not Occupied For Sale Only Sold, not Occupied For Seasonal/Recreational/Occasional Use For Migrant Workers Other Vacant Total Vacancy Rate Households by Tenure and Mortgage Status Total Owner Occupied Owned With a Mortgage/Loan Owned Free and Clear Average Household Size Renter Occupied Average Household Size Owner-occupied Housing Units by Race of Householder Total Householder is White Alone Householder is Balck Alone Householder is American Indian Alone Householder is American Indian Alone Householder is American Indian Alone Householder is Pacific Islander Alone	2,633 2,368 110 2 59 6 7 0 81 9,2% 2,367 1,846 1,571 276 2.89 521 3.06	100.0% 89.9% 4.2% 0.1% 2.2% 0.3% 0.3% 3.1% 100.0% 78.0% 66.4% 11.7%
Total Occupied Housing Units Vacant Housing Units For Rent Rented, not Occupied For Sale Only Sold, not Occupied For Sale Only Sold, not Occupied For Seasonal/Recreational/Occasional Use For Migrant Workers Other Vacant Total Vacancy Rate Households by Tenure and Mortgage Status Total Owner Occupied Owned with a Mortgage/Loan Owned Free and Clear Average Household Size Renter Occupied Average Household Size Renter Occupied Householder is White Alone Householder is White Alone Householder is Black Alone Householder is Black Alone Householder is Mareican Indian Alone Householder is Asian Alone	2,368 110 2 59 6 7 0 81 9.2% 2,367 1,846 1,571 276 2.89 521 3.06	89.9% 4.2% 0.1% 2.2% 0.2% 0.3% 3.1% 100.0% 58.0% 66.4% 11.7%
Vacant Housing Units For Rent Rented, not Occupied For Sale Only Sold, not Occupied For Sale Only Sold, not Occupied For Seasonal/Recreational/Occasional Use For Migrant Workers Other Vacant Total Vacancy Rate Households by Tenure and Mortgage Status Total Owner Occupied Owner Occupied Owned with a Mortgage/Loan Owned Free and Clear Average Household Size Renter Occupied Average Household Size Powner-occupied Housing Units by Race of Householder Total Householder is White Alone Householder is Black Alone Householder is Black Alone Householder is Asian Alone	110 2 59 6 7 0 81 9.2% 2,367 1,846 1,571 276 2.89 521 3.06	4.2% 0.1% 2.2% 0.2% 0.3% 0.0% 3.1% 100.0% 66.4% 11.7% 22.0%
For Rent Rented, not Occupied For Sale Only Sold, not Occupied For Seasonal/Recreational/Occasional Use For Migrant Workers Other Vacant Total Vacancy Rate Households by Tenure and Mortgage Status fotal Owner Occupied Owned with a Mortgage/Loan Owned Free and Clear Average Household Size Renter Occupied Average Household Size Renter Occupied Householder is Mitte Alone Householder is White Alone Householder is Black Alone Householder is Asian Alone Householder is Asian Alone	2 59 6 7 0 81 9.2% 2,367 1,846 1,571 276 2.89 521 3.06	0.1% 2.2% 0.2% 0.3% 0.0% 3.1% 100.0% 78.0% 66.4% 11.7%
Rented, not Occupied For Sale Only Sold, not Occupied For Seasonal/Recreational/Occasional Use For Migrant Workers Other Vacant Total Vacancy Rate Households by Tenure and Mortgage Status Total Owned With a Mortgage/Loan Owned With a Mortgage/Loan Owned Free and Clear Average Household Size Renter Occupied Average Household Size Renter Occupied Average Household Size Nomer-occupied Housing Units by Race of Householder Total Householder is White Alone Householder is Mainer Alone Householder is Asian Alone Householder is Asian Alone Householder is Asian Alone	2 59 6 7 0 81 9.2% 2,367 1,846 1,571 276 2.89 521 3.06	0.1% 2.2% 0.2% 0.3% 0.0% 3.1% 100.0% 78.0% 66.4% 11.7%
For Sale Only Sold, not Occupied For Seasonal/Recreational/Occasional Use For Migrant Workers Other Vacant Total Vacancy Rate Households by Tenure and Mortgage Status Otal Owner Occupied Owned with a Mortgage/Loan Owned with a Mortgage/Loan Owned For and Clear Average Household Size Renter Occupied Average Household Size Renter Occupied Householder is White Alone Householder is White Alone Householder is Manercan Indian Alone Householder is Asian Alone Householder is Asian Alone	59 6 7 0 81 9.2% 2,367 1,846 1,571 276 2.89 521 3.06	2.2% 0.2% 0.3% 0.0% 3.1% 100.0% 78.0% 66.4% 11.7%
Sold, not Occupied For Seasonal/Recreational/Occasional Use For Migrant Workers Other Vacant Total Vacancy Rate Households by Tenure and Mortgage Status otal Owner Occupied Owned with a Mortgage/Loan Owned Free and Clear Average Household Size Renter Occupied Average Household Size Renter Occupied Householder is White Alone Householder is Mite Alone Householder is Mareiran Indian Alone Householder is Asian Alone	6 7 0 81 9.2% 2,367 1,846 1,571 276 2.89 521 3.06	0.2% 0.3% 0.0% 3.1% 100.0% 78.0% 66.4% 11.7% 22.0%
For Seasonal/Recreational/Occasional Use For Migrant Workers Other Vacant Total Vacancy Rate douseholds by Tenure and Mortgage Status otal Owner Occupied Owner Occupied Owned with a Mortgage/Loan Owned Free and Clear Average Household Size Renter Occupied Average Household Size Powner-occupied Housing Units by Race of Householder otal Householder is White Alone Householder is Asian Alone Householder is Asian Alone Householder is Asian Alone	7 0 81 9.2% 2,367 1,846 1,571 276 2.89 521 3.06	0.3% 0.0% 3.1% 100.0% 78.0% 66.4% 11.7% 22.0%
For Migrant Workers Other Vacant Total Vacancy Rate Households by Tenure and Mortgage Status otal Owner Occupied Owned with a Mortgage/Loan Owned Free and Clear Average Household Size Renter Occupied Average Household Size Renter Occupied Average Household Size Houser-occupied Housing Units by Race of Householder otal Householder is White Alone Householder is Alanne Alone Householder is Asian Alone Householder is Asian Alone	0 81 9.2% 2,367 1,846 1,571 276 2.89 521 3.06	0.0% 3.1% 100.0% 78.0% 66.4% 11.7% 22.0%
Other Vacant Total Vacancy Rate Households by Tenure and Mortgage Status otal Owner Occupied Owned with a Mortgage/Loan Owned Free and Clear Average Household Size Renter Occupied Average Household Size Owner-occupied Housing Units by Race of Householder otal Householder is White Alone Householder is Black Alone Householder is Asian Alone Householder is Asian Alone	81 9.2% 2,367 1,846 1,571 276 2.89 521 3.06	3.1% 100.0% 78.0% 66.4% 11.7% 22.0%
Total Vacancy Rate Households by Tenure and Mortgage Status Otal Owner Occupied Owned with a Mortgage/Loan Owned Fee and Clear Average Household Size Renter Occupied Average Household Size Powner-occupied Housing Units by Race of Householder Otal Householder is White Alone Householder is Black Alone Householder is Asian Alone Householder is Asian Alone	9.2% 2,367 1,846 1,571 276 2.89 521 3.06	100.0% 78.0% 66.4% 11.7% 22.0%
Households by Tenure and Mortgage Status total Owner Occupied Owned with a Mortgage/Loan Owned Free and Clear Average Household Size Renter Occupied Average Household Size Dwner-occupied Housing Units by Race of Householder total Householder is White Alone Householder is Black Alone Householder is Mareiran Indian Alone Householder is Asian Alone	2,367 1,846 1,571 276 2.89 521 3.06	78.0% 66.4% 11.7% 22.0%
otal Owner Occupied Owned with a Mortgage/Loan Owned Free and Clear Average Household Size Renter Occupied Average Household Size Owner-occupied Housing Units by Race of Householder Otal Householder is White Alone Householder is Black Alone Householder is Asian Alone Householder is Asian Alone Householder is Asian Alone	1,846 1,571 276 2.89 521 3.06	78.0% 66.4% 11.7% 22.0%
otal Owner Occupied Owned with a Mortgage/Loan Owned Free and Clear Average Household Size Renter Occupied Average Household Size Owner-occupied Housing Units by Race of Householder Otal Householder is White Alone Householder is Black Alone Householder is Asian Alone Householder is Asian Alone Householder is Asian Alone	1,846 1,571 276 2.89 521 3.06	78.0% 66.4% 11.7% 22.0%
Owner Occupied Owned with a Mortgage/Loan Owned Free and Clear Average Household Size Renter Occupied Average Household Size Owner-occupied Housing Units by Race of Householder Otal Householder is White Alone Householder is Black Alone Householder is Anan Alone Householder is Asian Alone	1,846 1,571 276 2.89 521 3.06	78.0% 66.4% 11.7% 22.0%
Owned with a Mortgage/Loan Owned Free and Clear Average Household Size Renter Occupied Average Household Size Owner-occupied Housing Units by Race of Householder Otal Householder is White Alone Householder is Black Alone Householder is American Indian Alone Householder is Asian Alone	1,571 276 2.89 521 3.06	66.4% 11.7% 22.0%
Owned Free and Clear Average Household Size Renter Occupied Average Household Size Noner-occupied Housing Units by Race of Householder Otal Householder is White Alone Householder is Black Alone Householder is American Indian Alone Householder is Asian Alone	276 2.89 521 3.06	11.7% 22.0%
Average Household Size Renter Occupied Average Household Size Downer-occupied Housing Units by Race of Householder otal Householder is White Alone Householder is Black Alone Householder is American Indian Alone Householder is Asian Alone	2.89 521 3.06 1,846 1,649	22.0%
Renter Occupied Average Household Size Owner-occupied Housing Units by Race of Householder otal Householder is White Alone Householder is Black Alone Householder is American Indian Alone Householder is Asian Alone	521 3.06 1,846 1,649	
Average Household Size Owner-occupied Housing Units by Race of Householder otal Householder is White Alone Householder is Black Alone Householder is American Indian Alone Householder is Asian Alone	3.06 1,846 1,649	
Owner-occupied Housing Units by Race of Householder otal Householder is White Alone Householder is Black Alone Householder is American Indian Alone Householder is Asian Alone	1,846 1,649	100.0%
otal Householder is White Alone Householder is Black Alone Householder is American Indian Alone Householder is Asian Alone	1,649	100.0%
Householder is White Alone Householder is Black Alone Householder is American Indian Alone Householder is Asian Alone	1,649	100.0%
Householder is Black Alone Householder is American Indian Alone Householder is Asian Alone		
Householder is American Indian Alone Householder is Asian Alone	79	89.3%
Householder is Asian Alone		4.3%
	5	0.3%
	47	2.5%
	0	0.0%
Householder is Some Other Race Alone	38	2.1%
Householder is Two or More Races	28	1.5%
Owner-occupied Housing Units with Hispanic Householder	95	5.1%
Renter-occupied Housing Units by Race of Householder		
otal	521	100.0%
Householder is White Alone	441	84.6%
Householder is Black Alone	36	6.9%
Householder is American Indian Alone	3	0.6%
Householder is Asian Alone	21	4.0%
Householder is Pacific Islander Alone	0	0.0%
Householder is Some Other Race Alone	10	1.9%
Householder is Two or More Races	10	1.9%
tenter-occupied Housing Units with Hispanic Householder	28	5.4%
everage Household Size by Race/Hispanic Origin of Householder		
Householder is White Alone	2.83	
Householder is Black Alone	3.02	
Householder is American Indian Alone	2.63	
Householder is Asian Alone	4.53	
Householder is Pacific Islander Alone	0.00	
Householder is Some Other Race Alone	4.46	
Householder is Two or More Races	3.05	
Householder is Hispanic	4.11	



REGIONAL COMMISSION	Auburn City, GA Auburn City, GA (1304140) Geography: Place			Pre	pared by
		2017-2021 ACS Estimate	Percent	MOE(±)	Reliab
TOTALS		7,424		106	
Total Population		2,513		159	
Total Households Total Housing Units		2,754		184	
		, .			
OWNER-OCCUPIED HOU Total	ISING UNITS BY MORTGAGE STATUS	1,943	100.0%	192	
	ortgage/contract to purchase/similar debt	1,338	68.9%	192	
	and No Home Equity Loan	1,231	63.4%	201	
	and No Home Equity Loan				
Multiple Mortgages	and Harry Carrier Land	88	4.5%	46	
	and Home Equity Loan	0	0.0%	20	
Only Home Equity		40	2.1%	22	
Only Second Mortg		48	2.5%	37	
	thout Primary Mortgage	19	1.0%	16	
Housing units without a	mortgage	605	31.1%	122	
AVERAGE VALUE BY M	OPTGAGE STATUS				
Housing units with a morto		\$176,466		\$38,952	
Housing units without a m		\$155,132		\$49,578	
& SELECTED MONTHLY	ISING UNITS BY MORTGAGE STATUS OWNER COSTS				
Total		1,943	100.0%	192	
	nly owner costs as a percentage of				
household income in pa	st 12 months				
Less than 10.0 percei	nt	60	3.1%	38	
10.0 to 14.9 percent		364	18.7%	138	
15.0 to 19.9 percent		313	16.1%	125	
20.0 to 24.9 percent		176	9.1%	72	
25.0 to 29.9 percent		133	6.8%	73	
30.0 to 34.9 percent		69	3.6%	53	
35.0 to 39.9 percent		61	3.1%	44	
40.0 to 49.9 percent		63	3.2%	43	
50.0 percent or more		99	5.1%	43	
Not computed		0	0.0%	20	
Without a mortgage: Mo	onthly owner costs as a percentage of				
household income in pa-					
Less than 10.0 percer	nt	353	18.2%	89	
10.0 to 14.9 percent		108	5.6%	66	
15.0 to 19.9 percent		40	2.1%	30	
20.0 to 24.9 percent		13	0.7%	19	
25.0 to 29.9 percent		0	0.0%	20	
30.0 to 34.9 percent		0	0.0%	20	
35.0 to 39.9 percent		30	1.5%	46	
40.0 to 49.9 percent		0	0.0%	20	
50.0 percent or more		4	0.2%	7	
Not computed		57	2.9%	49	
	7-2021 American Community Survey		eliability: III high	II medium	low

	Auburn City, GA Auburn City, GA (1304140) Geography: Place			Pre	pared by E
		2017-2021 ACS Estimate	Percent	MOE(±)	Reliabili
RENTER-OCCUPIED HO	USING UNITS BY CONTRACT RENT				
Total		570	100.0%	148	
With cash rent		570	100.0%	148	
Less than \$100		0	0.0%	20	
\$100 to \$149		0	0.0%	20	
\$150 to \$199		0	0.0%	20	
\$200 to \$249		0	0.0%	20	
\$250 to \$299		0	0.0%	20	
\$300 to \$349		0	0.0%	20	
\$350 to \$399		0	0.0%	20	
\$400 to \$449		44	7.7%	33	- 1
\$450 to \$499		12	2.1%	18	
\$500 to \$549		28	4.9%	35	- 1
\$550 to \$599		50	8.8%	35	- 1
\$600 to \$649		33	5.8%	41	- 1
\$650 to \$699		36	6.3%	26	
\$700 to \$749		27	4.7%	26	- 1
\$750 to \$799		88	15.4%	74	
\$800 to \$899		16	2.8%	19	- 1
\$900 to \$999		117	20.5%	91	- 1
\$1,000 to \$1,249		88	15.4%	53	
\$1,250 to \$1,499		31	5.4%	31	
\$1,500 to \$1,999		0	0.0%	20	
\$2,000 to \$2,499		0	0.0%	20	
\$2,500 to \$2,999		0	0.0%	20	
\$3,000 to \$3,499		0	0.0%	20	
\$3,500 or more		0	0.0%	20	
No cash rent		0	0.0%	20	
		+704		+70	
Median Contract Rent		\$781		\$79	ļ
Average Contract Rent		\$806		\$311	l
	USING UNITS BY INCLUSION OF				
UTILITIES IN RENT		570	100.00/		
Total		570	100.0%	148	
Pay extra for one or mo		570	100.0%	148	l
No extra payment for a	ny dulides	0	0.0%	20	



REGIONAL COMMISSION	Auburn City, GA Auburn City, GA (1304140) Geography: Place			Pre	pared by E
		2017-2021 ACS Estimate	Percent	MOE(±)	Reliabi
	ING UNITS BY GROSS RENT				
Total:		570	100.0%	148	
With cash rent:		570	100.0%	148	
Less than \$100		0	0.0%	20	
\$100 to \$149		0	0.0%	20	
\$150 to \$199		0	0.0%	20	
\$200 to \$249		0	0.0%	20	
\$250 to \$299		0	0.0%	20	
\$300 to \$349		0	0.0%	20	
\$350 to \$399		0	0.0%	20	
\$400 to \$449		0	0.0%	20	
\$450 to \$499		9	1.6%	14	
\$500 to \$549		0	0.0%	20	
\$550 to \$599		11	1.9%	18	
\$600 to \$649		36	6.3%	37	
\$650 to \$699		30	5.3%	33	
\$700 to \$749		59 8	10.4%	50	
\$750 to \$799			1.4%	13	
\$800 to \$899		44	7.7%	39	
\$900 to \$999		107	18.8%	72	
\$1,000 to \$1,249		130	22.8%	100	
\$1,250 to \$1,499		87	15.3%	50	
\$1,500 to \$1,999		49	8.6%	36	
\$2,000 to \$2,499		0	0.0%	20	
\$2,500 to \$2,999		0	0.0%	20	
\$3,000 to \$3,499		0	0.0%	20	
\$3,500 or more No cash rent		0	0.0%	20 20	
NO Casil Tell		U	0.0%	20	
Median Gross Rent		\$982		\$81	
Average Gross Rent		\$1,023		\$388	
	2021 American Community Survey		Reliability: III high	Ⅲ medium ■	low

	Auburn City, GA Auburn City, GA (1304140) Geography: Place			Pre	pared by
		2017-2021 ACS Estimate	Percent	MOE(±)	Reliabi
HOUSING UNITS BY UNITS	IN STRUCTURE				
Total		2,754	100.0%	184	
1, detached		2,204	80.0%	209	
1, attached		56	2.0%	38	
2		44	1.6%	66	
3 or 4		139	5.0%	76	
5 to 9		8	0.3%	13	
10 to 19		47	1.7%	27	
20 to 49		17	0.6%	25	
50 or more		8	0.3%	20	
Mobile home		231	8.4%	86	
Boat, RV, van, etc.		0	0.0%	20	
HOUSING UNITS BY YEAR S	STRUCTURE BUILT				
Total		2,754	100.0%	184	
Built 2020 or later		23	0.8%	20	
Built 2010 to 2019		59	2.1%	3	
Built 2000 to 2009		360	13.1%	128	
Built 1990 to 1999		904	32.8%	148	
Built 1980 to 1989		893	32.4%	144	
Built 1970 to 1979		234	8.5%	99	
Built 1960 to 1969		99	3.6%	44	
Built 1950 to 1959		44	1.6%	30	
Built 1940 to 1949		15	0.5%	16	
Built 1939 or earlier		123	4.5%	67	
OCCUPIED HOUSING UNITS	S BY YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED				
Total		2,513	100.0%	159	
Owner occupied					
Moved in 2019 or later		83	3.3%	48	
Moved in 2015 to 2018		455	18.1%	133	
Moved in 2010 to 2014		277	11.0%	90	
Moved in 2000 to 2009		380	15.1%	111	
Moved in 1990 to 1999		477	19.0%	99	
		271	10.8%	99	
Moved in 1989 or earlier					
Moved in 1989 or earlier Renter occupied		143	5.7%	97	
Renter occupied		215	8.6%	96	
Renter occupied Moved in 2019 or later			8.6% 3.8%	96 54	
Renter occupied Moved in 2019 or later Moved in 2015 to 2018 Moved in 2010 to 2014		215	3.8%		
Renter occupied Moved in 2019 or later Moved in 2015 to 2018		215 95		54	
Renter occupied Moved in 2019 or later Moved in 2015 to 2018 Moved in 2010 to 2014 Moved in 2000 to 2009		215 95 87	3.8% 3.5%	54 80	



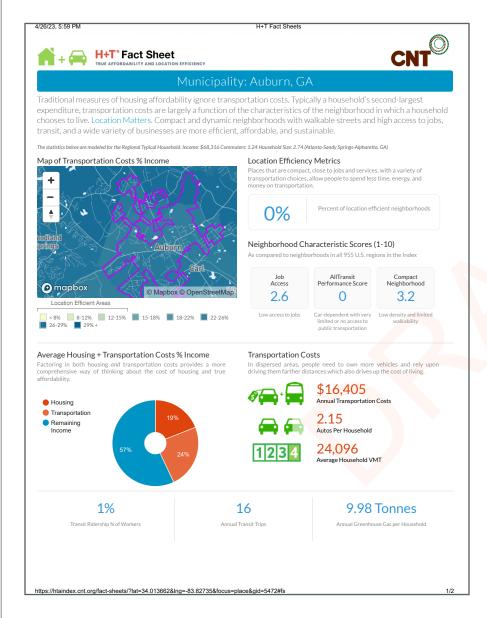


A	uburn City, GA uburn City, GA (1304140) Geography: Place			Pre	pared by I
		2017-2021 ACS Estimate	Percent	MOE(±)	Reliabi
OCCUPIED HOUSING UNITS BY	HOUSE HEATING FUEL				
Total		2,513 251	100.0% 10.0%	159 104	
Utility gas		26	1.0%	104	
Bottled, tank, or LP gas Electricity		2,199	87.5%	176	
Fuel oil, kerosene, etc.		2,199	0.4%	11	
Coal or coke		0	0.0%	20	
Wood		0	0.0%	20	
Solar energy		0	0.0%	20	
Other fuel		0	0.0%	20	
No fuel used		28	1.1%	24	
		20	11170		
OCCUPIED HOUSING UNITS BY	VEHICLES AVAILABLE				
Total		2,513	100.0%	159	
Owner occupied		_	0.00/		
No vehicle available		5	0.2%	8	
1 vehicle available		419	16.7%	124	
2 vehicles available		713	28.4%	143	
3 vehicles available		561	22.3%	138	
4 vehicles available		180	7.2%	68	
5 or more vehicles available		65	2.6%	43	
Renter occupied					
No vehicle available		40	1.6%	36	
1 vehicle available		195	7.8%	89	
2 vehicles available		299	11.9%	100	
3 vehicles available		0	0.0%	20	
4 vehicles available		10	0.4%	15	
5 or more vehicles available		26	1.0%	31	
Average Number of Vehicles Availa	able	2.2		0.2	
VACANT HOUSING UNITS					
Total vacant housing units		241	100.0%	117	
For rent		56	23.2%	51	
Rented, not occupied		12	5.0%	19	
For sale only		21	8.7%	29	
Sold, not occupied		17	7.1%	24	
Seasonal/occasional		0	0.0%	20	
For migrant workers		0	0.0%	20	
Other		135	56.0%	96	
Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2017-2021	American Community Survey	R	eliability: III high		low pril 26, 20

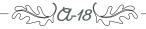
egional Commission	Auburn City, GA Auburn City, GA (1304140) Geography: Place			Pre	pared by Es
		2017-2021 ACS Estimate	Percent	MOE(±)	Reliabilit
OWNER-OCCUPIED HOUSIN	IG UNITS BY VALUE				
Total		1,943	100%	192	
Less than \$10,000		0	0.0%	20	
\$10,000 to \$14,999		14	0.7%	15	
\$15,000 to \$19,999		20	1.0%	18 10	
\$20,000 to \$24,999		-	0.3%		
\$25,000 to \$29,999		32 10	1.6%	33 16	
\$30,000 to \$34,999 \$35,000 to \$39,999		0	0.5%	20	
\$40,000 to \$49,999		23	1.2%	26	
\$50,000 to \$59,999		10	0.5%	11	
\$60,000 to \$69,999		0	0.0%	20	
\$70,000 to \$79,999		24	1.2%	20	
\$80,000 to \$89,999		18	0.9%	17	
\$90,000 to \$99,999		85	4.4%	53	
\$100,000 to \$124,999		160	8.2%	58	- 1
\$125,000 to \$149,999		329	16.9%	122	
\$150,000 to \$174,999		620	31.9%	150	
\$175,000 to \$199,999		209	10.8%	67	
\$200,000 to \$249,999		160	8.2%	75	ï
\$250,000 to \$299,999		96	4.9%	70	ï
\$300,000 to \$399,999		67	3.4%	34	
\$400,000 to \$499,999		20	1.0%	27	ï
\$500,000 to \$749,999		30	1.5%	40	- i
\$750,000 to \$999,999		0	0.0%	20	•
\$1,000,000 to \$1,499,999		10	0.5%	16	
\$1,500,000 to \$1,999,999		0	0.0%	20	•
\$2,000,000 or more		0	0.0%	20	
Median Home Value		\$159,700		\$4,112	
Average Home Value ata Note: N/A means not avai	I. b.i.	\$169,823		\$26,971	
ve-year period data collected m reviously covered by the decent urvey design and residency rule largin of error (MOE): The MO ange of uncertainty for each esti	E is a measure of the variability of t mate with 90 percent confidence. T For example, if the ACS reports an	n December 31, 2021. Altho ant differences between the the estimate due to sampling the range of uncertainty is ca	ough the ACS include two surveys including gerror. MOEs enable alled the confidence i	s many of the sub g fundamental dif e the data user to nterval, and it is o	ejects ferences in measure the calculated by
	sent threshold values that Esri has ϵ the amount of sampling error relati				usability of
	CVs (less than or equal to 12 percente is reasonably reliable.	t) are flagged green to indic	ate that the sampling	error is small rel	ative to the
	mates with CVs between 12 and 40	are flagged yellow-use with	caution.		
	Vs (over 40 percent) are flagged red The estimate is considered very ur		ng error is large		



Housing & Transporation Index



H+T N 43% 19%	Demographics Block Groups: Households:	
	Block Groups:	
17/0		1.30
24%	Population:	3,83
	Environmental Characteristics	
2.15	Residential Density 2010:	0.61 HHs/Re
24,096		Ac
1%	Gross Household Density:	0.30 HH/Ac
\$16,405	Regional Household Intensity:	7,74
\$12.878		HH/mil
\$3.514	Percent Single Family Detached Households:	78
\$13	Employment Access Index:	8,00
16		Jobs/m
		8
		0 kn
		2,103 Mete
	•	59 Acr
22%	Intersection Density:	25 /m
е		
9.98 Tonnes		
3.11 Tonnes		
	24,096 1% \$16,405 \$12,878 \$3,514 \$13 16 \$1,102 \$1,144 \$1,019 78% 22%	2.15 Residential Density 2010: 24,096 1% Gross Household Density: Regional Household Intensity: \$12,878 \$3,514 \$13 16 Employment Access Index: Employment Mix Index (0-100): Transit Connectivity Index (0-100): Transit Access Shed: \$1,102 Jobs Accessible in 30 Minute Transit Ride: \$1,104 Available Transit Trips per Week: \$1,019 Average Block Perimeter: 78% Average Block Size: 10,98 Tonnes



Crash Data

From 2013 to 2022, in Auburn...

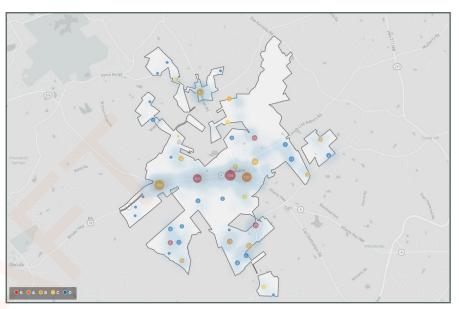
Total Crashed: 879

Number of Injuries: 274

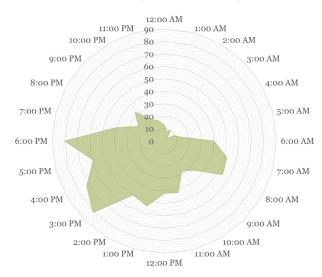
Number of Fatal Crashes: 7

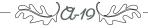
Crashes per Year in Auburn

Density of Crashes in Auburn by Severity

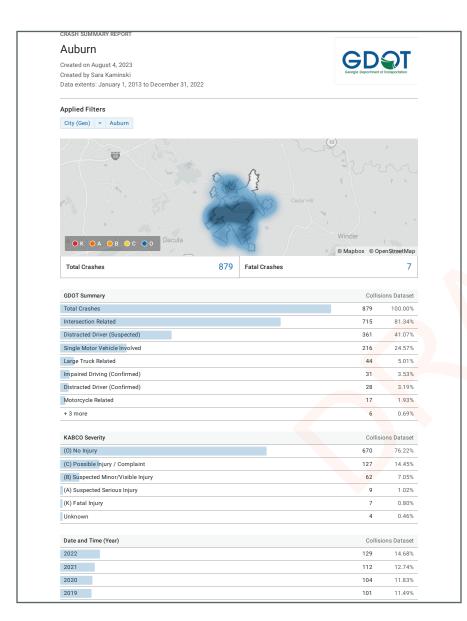


Crashes by Hour of the Day





Crash Data (Continued)



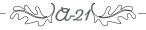
2018	89	10.13%
2017	100	11.38%
2016	92	10.47%
2015	78	8.87%
+ 2 more	74	8.42%
Date and Time (Hour of Day)	Collision	s Dataset
12 am - 2 am	21	2.39%
2 am - 4 am	13	1.48%
4 am - 6 am	22	2.50%
6 am - 8 am	92	10.47%
8 am - 10 am	87	9.90%
10 am - 12 pm	71	8.08%
12 pm - 2 pm	96	10.92%
2 pm - 4 pm	131	14.90%
+ 4 more	346	39.36%
Manner of Collision (Crash Level)	Collision	s Dataset
Rear End	258	29.35%
Not a Collision with Motor Vehicle	209	23.78%
Angle (Other)	148	16.84%
Left Angle Crash	95	10.81%
Sideswipe-Same Direction	62	7.05%
Sideswipe-Opposite Direction	34	3.87%
Head On	32	3.64%
(None)	22	2.50%
Right Angle Crash	19	2.16%
Location at Impact (Crash Level)	Collision	s Dataset
On Roadway - Roadway Intersection	372	42.32%
On Roadway - Non-Intersection	317	36.06%
Off Roadway	127	14.45%
On Shoulder	28	3.19%
(None)	20	2.28%
On Roadway - Driveway Intersection	10	1.14%
On Roadway - Railroad Crossing	3	0.34%
Median	1	0.11%
+ 9 more	1	0.11%
Most Harmful Event (Crash Level)	Collision	s Dataset
Motor Vehicle in Motion	259	29.47%
Parked Motor Vehicle	13	1.48%
Tree	13	1.48%
Animal	9	1.02%
Allilla	9	1.02 //



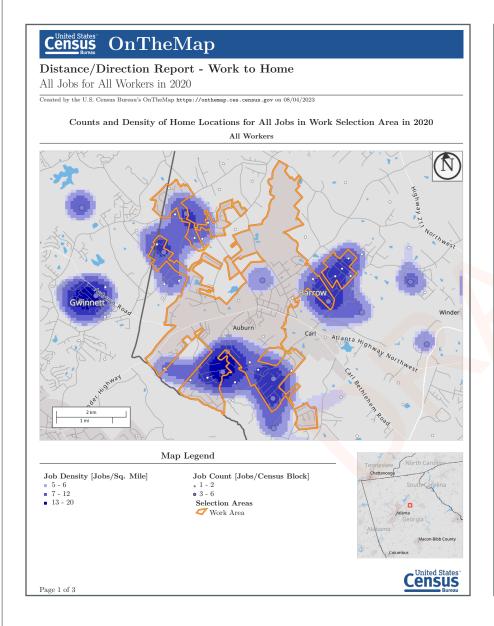
Crash Data (Continued)

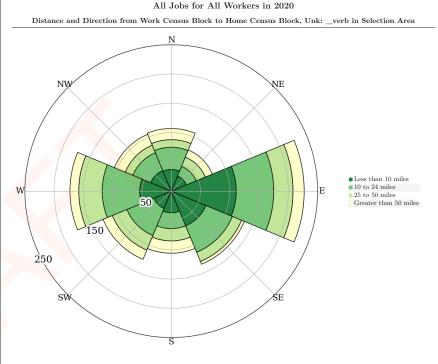
Ditch	9	1.0
Deer	8	0.9
Mail Box	7	0.8
Utility Pole	5	0.5
+ 30 more	34	3.8
Operator/Driver Contributing Factors	Colli	isions Data
No Contributing Factors	453	51.5
(None)	245	27.8
Following Too Close	165	18.7
Failure to Yield	119	13.5
Driver Lost Control	56	6.3
Improper Backing	47	5.3
Too Fast for Conditions	46	5.2
Wrong Side of Road	33	3.7
+ 35 more	274	31.1
Area: County	Colli	isions Data
Barrow	879	100.0
+ 158 more	0	
D1	Colli 879 0	isions Data:
Area: GDOT District (Crash Level) D1 + 6 more	879 0	100.0
D1 + 6 more SHSP Emphasis Area	879 0 Colli	100.0
D1 + 6 more SHSP Emphasis Area Intersection Related	879 0 Colli 715	isions Data 100.0 isions Data 81.3
D1 + 6 more SHSP Emphasis Area Intersection Related Distracted Driver (Suspected)	879 0 Colli 715 361	100.0 100.0 isions Data 81.3 41.0
D1 + 6 more SHSP Emphasis Area Intersection Related Distracted Driver (Suspected) Young Adult Driver (Age 20-24)	879 0 Colli 715 361 196	100.0 100.0
D1 + 6 more SHSP Emphasis Area Intersection Related Distracted Driver (Suspected) Young Adult Driver (Age 20-24) Roadway Departure	879 0 Colli 715 361 196	100.0 100.0
D1 + 6 more SHSP Emphasis Area Intersection Related Distracted Driver (Suspected) Young Adult Driver (Age 20-24) Roadway Departure Older Driver Related (55-64)	879 0 Colli 715 361 196 194	isions Data 100.0 isions Data 81.3 41.0 22.3 22.0
D1 + 6 more SHSP Emphasis Area Intersection Related Distracted Driver (Suspected) Young Adult Driver (Age 20-24) Roadway Departure Older Driver Related (55-64) Young Driver (Age 15-19)	879 0 Colli 715 361 196	isions Data 100.0 isions Data 81.3 41.0 22.3 22.0 20.8
D1 + 6 more SHSP Emphasis Area Intersection Related Distracted Driver (Suspected) Young Adult Driver (Age 20-24) Roadway Departure Older Driver Related (55-64)	879 0 Colli 715 361 196 194 183 157	100.0 Data 100.0 Sisions Data 81.3 41.0 22.3 22.0 20.8 17.8 14.1
D1 + 6 more SHSP Emphasis Area Intersection Related Distracted Driver (Suspected) Young Adult Driver (Age 20-24) Roadway Departure Older Driver Related (55-64) Young Driver (Age 15-19) Older Driver Related (65+)	879 0 Colli 715 361 196 194 183 157	isions Data 100.0 81.3 41.0 22.3 20.8 17.8 14.1 7.8
D1 + 6 more SHSP Emphasis Area Intersection Related Distracted Driver (Suspected) Young Adult Driver (Age 20-24) Roadway Departure Older Driver Related (55-64) Young Driver (Age 15-19) Older Driver Related (65+) Aggressive/Speed Related + 10 more	879 0 Colli 715 361 196 194 183 157 124 69	isions Data 100.0 isions Data 81.3 41.0 22.3 20.8 17.8 14.1 7.8
D1 + 6 more SHSP Emphasis Area Intersection Related Distracted Driver (Suspected) Young Adult Driver (Age 20-24) Roadway Departure Older Driver Related (55-64) Young Driver (Age 15-19) Older Driver Related (65+) Aggressive/Speed Related + 10 more First Harmful Event	879 0 Colli	isions Data 100.0 81.3 41.0 22.3 22.0 20.8 17.8 21.9
D1 + 6 more SHSP Emphasis Area Intersection Related Distracted Driver (Suspected) Young Adult Driver (Age 20-24) Roadway Departure Older Driver Related (55-64) Young Driver (Age 15-19) Older Driver Related (65+) Aggressive/Speed Related + 10 more First Harmful Event Motor Vehicle in Motion	879 0 Colli	isions Data 100.0 81.3 41.0 22.3 22.0 20.8 17.8 21.9 21.9 isions Data 75.3
D1 + 6 more SHSP Emphasis Area Intersection Related Distracted Driver (Suspected) Young Adult Driver (Age 20-24) Roadway Departure Older Driver Related (55-64) Young Driver (Age 15-19) Older Driver Related (65+) Aggressive/Speed Related + 10 more First Harmful Event Motor Vehicle in Motion Ditch	879 0 Colli 715 361 196 194 183 157 124 69 193 Colli 662 33	isions Data 100.0 81.3 41.0 22.3 22.0 17.8 14.1 7.8 21.9 isions Data 75.3 3.7
D1 + 6 more SHSP Emphasis Area Intersection Related Distracted Driver (Suspected) Young Adult Driver (Age 20-24) Roadway Departure Older Driver Related (55-64) Young Driver (Age 15-19) Older Driver Related (65+) Aggressive/Speed Related + 10 more First Harmful Event Motor Vehicle in Motion Ditch Parked Motor Vehicle	879 0 Colli 715 361 196 194 183 157 124 69 193 Colli 662 33 27	isions Data 100.0 81.3 41.0 22.3 22.0 20.8 14.1 7.8 21.9 isions Data 75.3 3.7
D1 + 6 more SHSP Emphasis Area Intersection Related Distracted Driver (Suspected) Young Adult Driver (Age 20-24) Roadway Departure Older Driver Related (55-64) Young Driver (Age 15-19) Older Driver Related (65+) Aggressive/Speed Related + 10 more First Harmful Event Motor Vehicle in Motion Ditch Parked Motor Vehicle Other/Unknown	879 0 Colli 715 361 196 194 183 157 124 69 193 Colli 662 33 27	isions Data 100.0 81.3 41.0 22.3 20.8 17.8 21.9 isions Data 75.3 3.7
D1 + 6 more SHSP Emphasis Area Intersection Related Distracted Driver (Suspected) Young Adult Driver (Age 20-24) Roadway Departure Older Driver Related (55-64) Young Driver (Age 15-19) Older Driver Related (65+) Aggressive/Speed Related + 10 more First Harmful Event Motor Vehicle in Motion Ditch Parked Motor Vehicle	879 0 Colli 715 361 196 194 183 157 124 69 193 Colli 662 33 27	100.0 100.0 100.0 1100.

Mail Box + 31 more	94	1.93%
Vehicle Type (Crash Level)	Collision	ons Dataset
Passenger Car	607	69.06%
Pickup Truck	289	32.88%
Sports Utility Vehicle (SUV)	274	31.17%
Van	63	7.17%
Tractor/Trailer	21	2.39%
Motorcycle	15	1.71%
Single Unit Truck	14	1.59%
Other	9	1.02%
+ 16 more	28	3.19%
Roadway Contributing Factors	Collini	ons Dataset
No Contributing Factors	770	87.60%
Road Surface Condition (wet, icy, snow, slush, etc.)	53	6.03%
Traffic Congestion	4	0.46%
Ruts, Holes, Bumps	3	0.40%
Loose Material on Surface	2	0.23%
Obstruction in Roadway	2	0.23%
Road Under Construction	2	0.23%
Shoulder (none, low, soft, high)	2	0.23%
+ 6 more	5	0.56%
· Villote		0.30%
Vehicle Contributing Factor (Crash Level)	Collisio	ons Dataset
No Known Defects	859	97.72%
Other	15	1.71%
Brake Failure	6	0.68%
Slick Tires	6	0.68%
Suspension	2	0.23%
Tire Failure	2	0.23%
Mirrors	1	0.11%
Windows / Windshield	1	0.11%
+ 5 more	0	0%



On The Map





	2020		
Distance	Count	Share	
Total All Jobs	1,055	100.0	
Less than 10 miles	401	38.0	
10 to 24 miles	343	32.5	
25 to 50 miles	182	17.3	
Greater than 50 miles	129	12.2	

All Jobs for All Workers in 2020Distance from Work Census Block to Home Census Block, Unk: _verb in Selection Area

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On The Map (Continued)

Additional Information

Analysis Settings

Analysis Type Distance/Direction Selection area as Work Year(s) Job Type All Jobs Selection Area Auburn city, GA from Places (Cities, CDPs, etc.) Selected Census Blocks Analysis Generation Date 08/04/2023 07:33 - OnTheMap 6.23.1 Code Revision a0a13191a5f4f4a96c67a221fb70057ecc21a6d1 LODES Data Vintage 20230321_1647

Data Sources

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, OnTheMap Application and LEHD Origin-Destination Employment Statistics (Beginning of Quarter Employment, 2nd Quarter of 2002-2020).

- 1. Race, Ethnicity, Educational Attainment, and Sex statistics are beta release results and are not available before 2009.
- 2. Educational Attainment is only produced for workers aged 30 and over.

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3. Firm Age and Firm Size statistics are beta release results for All Private jobs and are not available before 2011.



On The Map (Continued)

Distance/Direction Report - Work Census Block to Home Census Block

Job Counts in Home Blocks by Distance Only

	2020		
	Count	Share	
Total All Jobs	1,055	100.0%	
Less than 10 miles	401	38.0%	
10 to 24 miles	343	32.5%	
25 to 50 miles	182	17.3%	
Greater than 50 miles	129	12.2%	

Job Counts in Home Blocks to the North of Work Blocks by Distance

2020

2020

	Count	Share	
Total All Jobs	107	100.0%	
Less than 10 miles	37	34.6%	
10 to 24 miles	38	35.5%	
25 to 50 miles	13	12.1%	
Greater than 50 miles	19	17.8%	

Job Counts in Home Blocks to the Northeast of Work Blocks by Distance

	Count	Share
Total All Jobs	76	100.0%
Less than 10 miles	28	36.8%
10 to 24 miles	18	23.7%
25 to 50 miles	17	22.4%
Greater than 50 miles	13	17.1%

Job Counts in the East of Work	Home Blocks	to
the East of Work	Blocks by	
<u>Distance</u>		

	2020	
	Count	Share
Total All Jobs	227	100.0%
Less than 10 miles	111	48.9%
10 to 24 miles	64	28.2%
25 to 50 miles	33	14.5%
Greater than 50 miles	19	8.4%

Job Counts in Home Blocks to the Southeast of Work Blocks by Distance

2020

	Count	Share
Total All Jobs	135	100.0%
Less than 10 miles	64	47.4%
10 to 24 miles	49	36.3%
25 to 50 miles	17	12.6%
Greater than 50 miles	5	3.7%

Job Counts in Home Blocks to the South of Work Blocks by Distance

	2020	
	Count	Share
Total All Jobs	106	100.0%
Less than 10 miles	37	34.9%
10 to 24 miles	27	25.5%
25 to 50 miles	21	19.8%
Greater than 50 miles	21	19.8%

Job Counts in Home Blocks to the Southwest of Work Blocks by Distance

	2020	
	Count	Share
Total All Jobs	126	100.0%
Less than 10 miles	32	25.4%
10 to 24 miles	50	39.7%
25 to 50 miles	27	21.4%
Greater than 50 miles	17	13.5%

Job Counts in Home Blocks to the West of Work Blocks by Distance

2020

2020

	Count	Share
Total All Jobs	173	100.0%
Less than 10 miles	54	31.2%
10 to 24 miles	64	37.0%
25 to 50 miles	40	23.1%
Greater than 50 miles	15	8.7%

Job Counts in Home Blocks to the Northwest of Work Blocks by Distance

	2020	
	Count	Share
Total All Jobs	105	100.0%
Less than 10 miles	38	36.2%
10 to 24 miles	33	31.4%
25 to 50 miles	14	13.3%
Greater than 50 miles	20	19.0%

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Upper Oconee Regional Water Plan Fact Sheet 2017

2017 REGIONAL WATER PLAN **UPPER OCONEE REGION BACKGROUND** The Upper Oconee Regional Water Plan was initially completed in 2011 and subsequently updated in 2017. The plan outlines nearterm and long-term strategies to meet water needs through 2050. Major water resources include portions of the Oconee, Ocmulgee, Ogeechee, Savannah, and Altamaha river basins and includes various groundwater aquifer systems. The Upper Oconee Region Counties: encompasses several major population centers including Athens Clarke, Greene, and Dublin. Jackson, Lauren: Morgan, Oconee Putnam, Walton, **OVERVIEW OF UPPER OCONEE REGION** Washington, Wilkinson The Upper Oconee Region encompasses 13 counties in the central-northeast portion of Georgia. Over the next 35 years, the population of the region is KEY WATER RESOURCE ISSUES projected to increase from approximately 577,000 to 877,000 residents. The ADDRESSED BY THE COUNCIL region's leading economic sectors include government, health care, services, manufacturing, retail and construction. recognizing the diverse characteristics of the Unper Oconee In 2015, the Upper Oconee Region withdrew approximately 166 million gallons per day (MGD) for water supply to meet municipal (44 percent), industrial (37 percent) and agricultural (18 percent) uses. Surface water and groundwater Strategic wastewater management in fast growing counties (Barrow, Jackson, Oconee and Walton Counties). demand in the region are currently evenly split and projected to increase proportionally over the planning horizon. **UPPER** OCONEE orth GA Protecting the water quality of Lakes Oconee and Sinclair and the Oconee River by reducing both point and nonpoint source WATER **PLANNING** REGION process pollutants is exceeded in the middle (Morgan and Putnam Counties) and lower Upper Oconee Middle Ocmulgee FORECASTED REGIONAL WATER DEMANDS Upper (2015 WATER DEMAND 2050 WATER DEMAND TOTAL = 166 MGD TOTAL = 226 MGD er Flint Municipal Municipa Industrial Industrial Agriculture Agriculture Ståte Water Plan UPPER OCONEE REGION

GROUNDWATER: At the regional level, there will be adequate supplies to meet the region's future groundwater supply needs over the planning horizon. SURFACE WATER QUALITY: Water quality gaps were predicted to occur in Lakes Oconee and Sinclair due to excess nutrients in the future due to a combination of point source and nonpoint source pollutant loads from anticipated wastewater discharges and land use changes. SURFACE WATER AVAILABILITY: Over the next 35 years, the modeling analysis indicates that forecasted surface water demand within the Upper Oconee Region is projected to cause stream flows in the Ogeechee River (at the Eden planning node) to fall below targets for support of instream uses (resulting in "potential gaps"). A map of the node locations, their drainage areas, and a summary of the potential gaps are POTENTIAL 2050 SURFACE WATER GAPS IN THE **UPPER OCONEE REGION** SUMMARY OF MODELED 2050 POTENTIAL SURFACE WATER GAPS Avg. Flow Deficit

SUMMARY OF 2017 RESOURCE ASSESSMENT RESULTS

UPPER OCONEE **MANAGEMENT PRACTICES**

The Upper Oconee Plan describes 25 management practices targeted toward current and future needs. Actions for surface and groundwater are grouped and listed by the water use sectors that will implement them. The Plan also includes practices for resources shared with other regions. Representative practices are summarized here.

WATER CONSERVATION: To prevent potential shortages in meeting instream flow needs, the Upper Oconee Plan encourages conservation pricing and development of water conservation

WATER SUPPLY: Practices include expansion of existing reservoirs and construction of new water supply reservoirs

WASTEWATER & WATER QUALITY: The Upper Oconee Plan calls for implementation of

centralized sewer in developing areas where density warrants and development of local wastewater master plans to evaluate wastewater treatment and disposal options to meet future demands. Comprehensive land use planning and local government participation in construction erosion and sediment control are also encouraged.

RECOMMENDATIONS TO STATE:

Focus on incentives, collaboration and cooperation with state and local planning agencies, support plan implementers; fund water planning; focus funding and assistance on areas with shortfalls; continue monitoring to help conserve Georgia's natural, historic, and cultural resources.

PRODUCED: AUGUST 2017



Auburn Comprehensive Plan 2023—

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